

# Draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard

As developed by the **Metro Stormwater Geodata Project**

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This draft of the **Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard: v. 0.6** is published for public statewide stakeholder review and comment



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This document was compiled and edited by Geoffrey Maas from Ramsey County Information Services Department and Carrie Magnuson of the Ramsey-Washington Metro Watershed District on behalf of the membership of the Metro Stormwater Geodata Project (MSWGP) Steering Committee.

# Table of Contents - Draft Standard, v. 0.6

**Note:** Each entry in Table of Contents is linked to its corresponding page in the document, simply **Control-click** the entry to go to the page.

Overview and Context .....	3
Project Contacts .....	6
Stormwater Standard – Components .....	7
Stormwater Standard – Elements .....	10
Pilot Study Area – Sample Dataset Available .....	11
Stormwater Standards – Guide to Schema Attributes .....	12
Inclusion Category Explanations .....	13
Pipe Components .....	14
Channel Components .....	27
Artificial Path Components .....	40
Basin Components .....	45
Hydraulic Control Structures Components .....	59
Pollution Control Structures Components .....	72
Artificial Point Components .....	84
Inlet Components .....	89
Outlet Components .....	103
What is the difference between an outlet and an outfall? .....	104
Manhole Components .....	118
Lift Station Components .....	131
Best Management Practices Components .....	145
Monitoring Components .....	159
Basins (As Polygon Features) .....	169
Best Management Practices (BMPs as Polygon Features) .....	170
Treatment of Polygons in the Draft Standard .....	171
Appendix of Related Features .....	172



**Note regarding this updated draft [Version 0.6] of the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard.** This document is an update and revision of the prior version [v. 0.5] which was available for public comment during April through December 2020. *Any new text or revisions from the prior V. 0.5. are shown in bright blue in this document. Anything appearing in bright red has been recommended for removal from the version 0.6 of the draft standard.*

## Acknowledgements

Huge thanks are due to the numerous participants of the Metro Stormwater Geodata Project (April 2018 – present) for their time, energy, patience, and thoughtful contributions to the development of this work. Enormous thanks are due to John Bilotta and Jeff Peterson of the Water Resources Center at the University of Minnesota for their facilitation of grant funding for our pilot dataset, to Tami Maddio (City of Eagan), Bryan Pittman and Kyle Seifert (WSB Engineering), Erik Madland and Brian Gruidl (City of Bloomington) and Alex Blenkush (Hennepin County) for their guidance, enthusiasm and ‘can-do’ attitude in bringing the sample pilot dataset to fruition. Big thanks also to Masha Hoy (Carver County Water Resources), Delaney Moberly (SRF Consulting Group), and David Malm (Bolton and Menk Engineering) for their generous contribution of photographs of stormwater assets for this document. Additional thanks to the following people whose past and current contributions and support are essential to this project taking shape: Doug Prazak (Dakota County Land Records), Jon Hoekenga (Metropolitan Council), Ann Houghton (Hennepin County [retired]) and to the members of the MetroGIS Coordinating Committee for their continued support of this effort as a regional priority project. Last— but by no means least—enormous thanks to the indomitable Carrie Magnusson of the Ramsey-Washington Metro Watershed District for her patience, editorial prowess and for inhabiting the role of *éminence grise* and *de facto spirit guide* for this entire trundling process.

## Overview, Context and FAQs

### **Purpose of this document.**

The purpose of this document is two-fold; first, it is intended to provide an information-rich resource document about the content of the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard as developed by the participants of the Metro Stormwater Geodata Project (April 2018 – present) and secondly, to serve as a resource for the entire geospatial, stormwater, engineering, water resources and planning community to reference and review so they can be better prepared to provide comments, suggestions and recommendations for the improvement of the draft standard in development.

### **What is the Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard (SGTS)?**

This SGTS is simply a set of attribute specifications such as field name, field type, field length and field order as well as a set of standardized terminology and domain values to serve as a means for the creation, translation, aggregation and maintenance of stormwater geospatial data into a common format.

### **What is the Metro Stormwater Geodata Project (MSWGP)?**

This MSWGP is a voluntary collaborative project comprised of private sector and public sector partners in the Twin Cities metropolitan region. The goal of the MSWGP effort is to create a stormwater geodata transfer standard that reflects the functional needs of the professional community and that contains the attributes, terminology and content—as well as the supporting documentation—to satisfactorily meet those needs.



The MSWGP began with a kick-off meeting in Medina, Minnesota on April 17, 2018. The primary purpose of this kick-off session was to:

- to engage a variety of interested stakeholders
- to present the proposed project and articulate some of the needs for it
- to document the core business needs of the participants
- to determine if there was enough interest from the stakeholder community in the project; and,
- if so, to create an initial Steering Committee to begin developing it.

The MSWGP builds upon initial prior work undertaken between 2008-2010 by state level agencies to create an initial stormwater system data exchange standard. The current MSWGP effort is being co-coordinated by volunteer staff from metro counties and watershed districts who organize and lead the meetings, prepare needed research and contextual materials, and document the input from the participants and conduct the outreach and communications activity.

The MSWGP Steering Committee—comprised of professionals with backgrounds in engineering, planning, landscape architecture, water resources management, water quality regulation, monitoring, geospatial work, asset management, public works and other disciplines—convened seven (7) times between June 2018 and March 2021. In addition to the project Steering Committee, several smaller technical working groups also met to confer on specific details of the standard's development; the result of these groups' dedicated discussion, focus and work is contained within the pages of this document.

## **Version 0.6 of the Draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard**

This document represents the current iteration of the standard in its development as of Summer 2021. This is the second full version to be released to the public for stakeholder review and comment. This version contains the revisions and changes as reviewed and approved by the MSWGP Steering Committee on March 30, 2021 received during the April-December 2020 public comment period.

### **What need or purpose does this proposed standard fulfill?**

The Twin Cities metropolitan region is comprised of 186 municipal governments, 7 county governments, 33 watershed management units, numerous state and regional interests, educational campuses and private interests all of whom build, maintain, own and manage surface and subsurface stormwater fixtures and conveyance infrastructure. As this is not a formally approved or agreed-upon geospatial data standard for creating and maintaining the digital representations of these features exists, each of these agencies has come up with its own unique schema for representing, attributing and maintaining their stormwater assets. Over the years, this has resulted in as many different schema types as there are agencies maintaining them. This lack of data standardization has led to significant challenges when attempts to combine and align data from several jurisdictions for mapping, modeling and analysis are undertaken. The purpose of this standard is to provide a single, commonly accepted set of attribute specifications (field name, field type, field width, field order, domain values) for transferring data between interests and aggregating stormwater geospatial data from many sources into a common format. The eventual adoption and usage of this standard is intended to facilitate and enhance the ability of geospatial practitioners to share data and to reduce incompatibilities when acquiring, processing, aggregating and disseminating stormwater system geodata.

Additional intended goals for developing a stormwater geodata transfer standard include better integration with asset management software applications, facilitation of flow modeling for water management and emergency response uses, ability to determine ownership and maintenance responsibility of stormwater assets, enhance potential analysis capacity for determining efficacy of installed best management practices, provide the ability to link geodata features to inspection and regulatory reports, ability to edge match features along boundaries and many others.

**Is the Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard a *mandated* standard? Is this something we are going to be required to use?** Absolutely not. No data standard developed by and for the geospatial of community in Minnesota are required or mandated. Standards—such as this emerging stormwater geodata transfer standard—are intended to serve as voluntary tools that the members of our profession work to develop collaboratively as a means of working more easily and efficiently with one another. There are no laws, statutes, administrative rules or court orders in Minnesota that dictate what a city, county, watershed district or other agency must do with their data in terms of using or maintaining standards. The use of this forthcoming standard and other geodata standards, such as those already adopted for address points, road centerlines and parcels—while encouraged—are completely voluntary.

### **Is this version 0.6 the “definitive version” of the Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard?**

**No.** This draft standard has been prepared by the participants of the Metro Stormwater Geodata Project as a point of beginning to develop a data schema to meet multiple needs. It was originally published in April 2020, and comments were collected on it until December 2020. These comments were documented in early 2021, and the MSWGP Steering Team documented and reviewed these comments on March 30, 2021. Their changes, reflecting the input of the stakeholder community, are evident in this new version. This version in turn is offered out to the stakeholder community for another round of public review. Data standards are strengthened by both the review and input of the professional community and through their on-going usage.

**My agency already has geospatial data representing our stormwater network that we use to meet our needs. Why should we care about this newly developing standard?**

An agency or interest already creating and managing its data in its own format or schema can certainly maintain its data in its own format. The MSWGP effort is simply proposing this multi-purpose standard as a transfer standard to meet a variety of needs as expressed by the wider user community. It is our hope that agencies and interests creating or consuming stormwater geodata would consider at very least providing comment on how the proposed v. 0.6 revised draft standard might be modified to better meet their existing needs and use cases.

**Why go through all the trouble of creating a new and different stormwater geodata standard?  
Why doesn't everyone simply just use the ESRI Stormwater Data Model?**

The v. 0.6 draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard offered by the MSWGP contains many similar aspects to the ESRI Stormwater Geodata Model, as the v. 0.6 uses many of the same terms, concepts, domain values and data categories and has many other similarities to the ESRI model.

The key differences are that this standard was created to address many additional specific use cases and needs as by the user community in Minnesota, such as integration with asset management software, MS4 compliance reporting, integration with field collection methods, flow modeling needs and others. Comparison with, and translation between the ESRI model and the eventual MSWGP data model is anticipated. Any agency already using the ESRI Stormwater Model will see the clear similarities between their existing data and the v. 0.6 draft schema format.

**Applicability of this standard.**

Agencies who produce and maintain geospatial data representing stormwater features are certain to have unique methods, definitions, and criteria for capture and storage of geospatial data representing stormwater features to satisfy their own business requirements and meet their internal agency needs. This standard simply seeks to establish a set of attribute specifications primarily intended for data exchange purposes. This proposed and emerging standard may be used not only to transfer and aggregate data, but also potentially utilized to create, manage and maintain geospatial data for representing stormwater fixtures, assets and conveyance systems within a jurisdiction. This standard in no way attempts to define, change or dictate any agency's existing internal data capture or storage specifications; however, some data producers may find benefit in using the standard to manage and maintain their data.

**What does the public stakeholder review of the v. 0.6 draft Stormwater Geodata Standard entail?**

As it did during the first-round of public review during 2020, the MSWGP Steering Team will be offering the version 0.6 iteration of this standard for a second round of public review during the summer of 2021. The MSWGP Steering Team will be collecting and documenting comments, suggestions, and proposed revisions during 2021. The MSWGP team will use these comments to revise, improve and edit the version 0.5 standard, hopefully improving it and refining it to better satisfy the various needs of the stakeholder community. The creation of geodata standards, including this one for stormwater in Minnesota is best accomplished by using an inclusive and transparent process that encourages input and participation by the entire professional community. The resulting standard which results is a resource that reflects the expertise, needs and intelligence of the professionals who need it and (hopefully) will make use of it.



### How are the various stormwater fixtures represented in this draft standard?

There are thirteen (13) unique categories of representation, three as linear features, the remaining ten as point features. Additionally, there is capacity to illustrate both **Basins** and **Best Management Practices (BMPs)** as polygon features within the draft standard, this is explained in more detail in the 'Stormwater Standard – Components' section beginning on Page 7 of this document. The table below outlines the general intention of how the data is organized by geometry type in the draft standard.

<i>Stormwater Feature Type</i>	<i>Representational Type</i>		
	<b>Point</b>	<b>Line (Polyline)</b>	<b>Polygon</b>
<b>Pipes</b>		<i>Primary</i>	
<b>Channels</b>		<i>Primary</i>	
<b>Artificial Paths</b>		<i>Primary</i>	
<b>Basins</b>	<i>Primary</i>		<i>Secondary</i>
<b>Hydraulic Control Structures</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Pollution Control Structures</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Artificial Points</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Inlets</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Outlets</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Manholes</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Lift Stations</b>	<i>Primary</i>		
<b>Best Management Practices (BMPs)</b>	<i>Primary</i>		<i>Secondary</i>
<b>Monitoring</b>	<i>Primary</i>		

## Project Contacts

### Who do I contact if I have questions about this standard or I wish to provide comments on it?

Please contact the following individuals—who are serving as co-coordinators of the Metro Stormwater Geodata Project—they will field your questions and will gladly add your comments to those documented during the stakeholder review period.



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## Stormwater Standard – Components

Stormwater fixtures vary widely in both their type and function. This variation provides a tremendous challenge to the task of capturing and correctly representing these features with geospatial data. The draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard makes use of the following fifteen data types (referred to as **Components**) for representing stormwater features and assets. Each has been assigned a color, with which it will be associated consistently throughout this and other accompanying documentation.

### Components appearing in the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard:

**Pipes** (Linear features)

**Channels** (Linear features)

**Artificial Paths** (Linear features)

**Basins** (Point features)

**Hydraulic Control Structures** (Point features)

**Pollution Control Structures** (Point features)

**Artificial Points** (Point features)

**Inlets** (Point features)

**Outlets** (Point features)

**Manholes** (Point features)

**Lift Stations** (Point features)

**Best Management Practices (BMPs)** (Point features)

**Monitoring Sites** (Point features)

**Basins** (represented as polygons)

**Best Management Practices** (represented as polygons)

Each of the **Components** are briefly described below. In reference to their applicability to the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard, the most broad and inclusive intent of the definition is intentional.

### **Pipes**

A pipe is a tube comprised of concrete, metal, plastic or other material that is installed to convey stormwater; pipes are represented with line geometry (polylines) and may vary in their dimension, type, shape, compositional material and lining material.

### **Channels**

A channel is a constructed waterway or natural waterway (either in its original state or modified by human agency) with the primary design purpose to convey stormwater runoff. Channels are represented with line geometry (polylines) and may vary in their dimension, type, shape and lining material.

### **Artificial Paths**

An artificial path is a linear feature intended to represent a line of flow through a water body or overland where no such actual physical pipe, channel or path exists. Artificial paths are represented with line geometry (polylines) and may vary in their type and intended usage and purpose.

## Basins

A basin is defined as a site, fixture or natural feature with the capacity to act as a temporary or permanent pool of water as its primary function or intended design. Basins may vary in their type, origin, function and impairment category. Basins are primarily represented with point geometry in this data schema; however, they can also be represented as polygons. (See also [Basins \(represented as polygons\)](#))

## Hydraulic Control Structures

A hydraulic control structure is defined as a fixture installed with the intention to divert, disrupt or halt the flow of stormwater. Hydraulic control structures are represented with point geometry and can vary by type (e.g. dam, deck drain, diversion chamber, weir, etc.).

## Pollution Control Structures

A pollution control structure is defined as a fixture installed with the specific intention to reduce or eliminate a water pollutant. Pollution control structures are represented with point geometry and can vary by type (e.g. grit chamber, filtration device, settling device, etc.).

## Artificial Point

An artificial point is a point feature intended to represent phenomena that are useful for modeling but do not represent an actual physical asset. Examples include junction points, discharge points and centroids. Artificial points are represented with point geometry and can vary by type.

## Inlet

An inlet is a site where stormwater enters the conveyance system. Inlets are represented with point geometry and can vary by both type and shape.

## Outlet

An outlet is a site where stormwater discharges out from a pipe, channel or other conveyance. Outlets are represented with point geometry and can vary by both type and shape. Note, **outlets** are not to be confused with **outfalls**. An **outfall** is a type of **outlet**, specifically applied to where water discharges into the Waters of the United States (40 CFR 230.3(s)) or discharges permanently into another municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) permittees jurisdiction.

## Manhole

A manhole is an opening or access point to stormwater utilities which enables repair, maintenance, or inspection activities to take place. Manholes are represented with point geometry and can vary by type.

## Lift Stations

A lift station is an installed structure to move stormwater from a lower elevation to a higher elevation where the site elevation or other situational context is not suited for gravity flow alone to move the water. Lift stations include several sub-components including receiving wells (wet wells), screens or filters for removing debris, pumps, valves, piping, control devices all of which may occur within a single enclosed structure. Lift stations are represented with point geometry and can vary by type.



### Best Management Practices (BMPs)

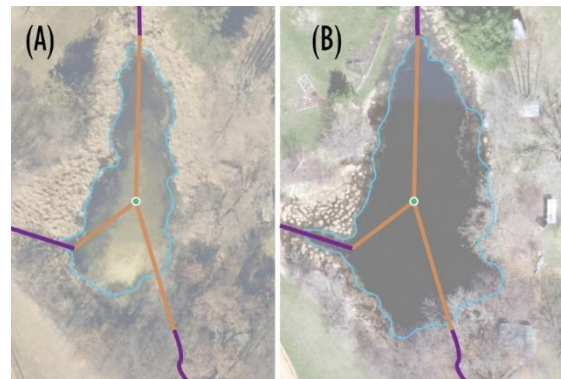
Stormwater best management practices (BMPs) encompass a range of fixtures, devices, installations and other measures used to impound, detain, divert, hold, infiltrate and treat precipitation, snowmelt, surface runoff and other stormwater drainage with the intention of reducing the impact of pollutants contained in the water. Best management practices in their general type, filtration material and ground cover type. Basins are represented with point geometry (see also **Best Management Practices (represented as polygons)**).

### Monitoring Sites

Monitoring sites are locations where water monitoring activities are currently taking place or have taken place in the past at may include installation of a permanent device, temporary device or represent a single-event. Monitoring sites are represented by point geometry and may vary by category, type and status.

### Basins (represented as polygons)

As listed above, a **basin** is defined as a site, fixture or natural feature with the capacity to act as a temporary or permanent pool of water as its primary function or intended design. Basins may vary in their type, origin, function and impairment category. In the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard, basins are primarily represented with **point** geometry, however, it is acknowledged that the representation of basins over and above a certain size as a polygon feature is necessary or a variety of visualization and analysis uses. The area and extent of the basin feature may vary due to factors in precipitation, erosion, or human agency in modifying the structural elements of the feature. In the example at right, the tan lines represent artificial paths, while the purple lines represent channels coming in and out of the basin and the green point (*centroid*) would remain the constant feature representing the basin itself—serving to maintain connectivity to the linear features as the basin may expand or contract over time. In (A) the shoreline (*in light blue*) has contracted, while in (B) the shoreline is larger.



As needed, new shorelines can be created (*via heads-up digitizing, extraction from LIDAR, imported from CAD, GPS point collection on the perimeter of the basin, etc. – of note: a domain of ‘polygon creation method’ (PolyMethod) is provided in the draft Standard*) but the linear and point features and their topological connection would remain intact to preserve the functionality of the geometry for flow modeling purposes.

### Best Management Practices (represented as polygons)

Similar in concept to what was described above for basin data, BMPs would be carried as points; however, there is also capacity in the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard for creation and maintenance of BMPs as polygon features using the same method listed above.

## Stormwater Standard – Elements

Each **Component** is further organized of up to seven different **Elements**. These **Elements** are simply a way of intuitively grouping the various individual attributes within each **Component**. The seven elements in use in the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard are as follows:

### Identification Elements

#### Type Elements

#### Dimensional and Positional Elements

#### Origin and Status Elements

#### Capacity Elements

#### Data Elements

#### General Elements

Each of the Elements are briefly described and defined below. As with the Components, the most broad and inclusive intent of the definition of each Element is intentional. Elements are used to group the attributes in the Excel spreadsheet version of the standard and do not impact the content or functionality of their attributes.

### Identification Elements

Identification elements contain the unique IDs, composite IDs and features the form or encompass things to be used as primary or foreign keys.

#### Type Elements

These elements contain information on the type, either specific or general, about the feature.

#### Dimensional and Positional Elements

These elements contain information on the dimensional attributes, materials, measurements and related information about the feature.

#### Origin and Status Elements

This element contains data on the origin, status, ownership of the features and links to other relevant documents.

#### Capacity Elements

These elements contain data on the capacity (e.g. volume) characteristics of the feature.

#### Data Elements

These elements contain information on the data representing the fixture, not the fixture itself. In the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard, any place the characters **\*\_DA\*** appear in the *database name*, this is a hint that this attribute contains info about the data itself, not the physical stormwater fixture it represents.

#### General Elements

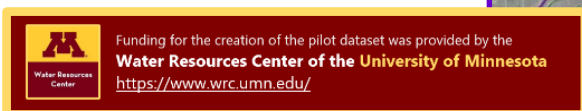
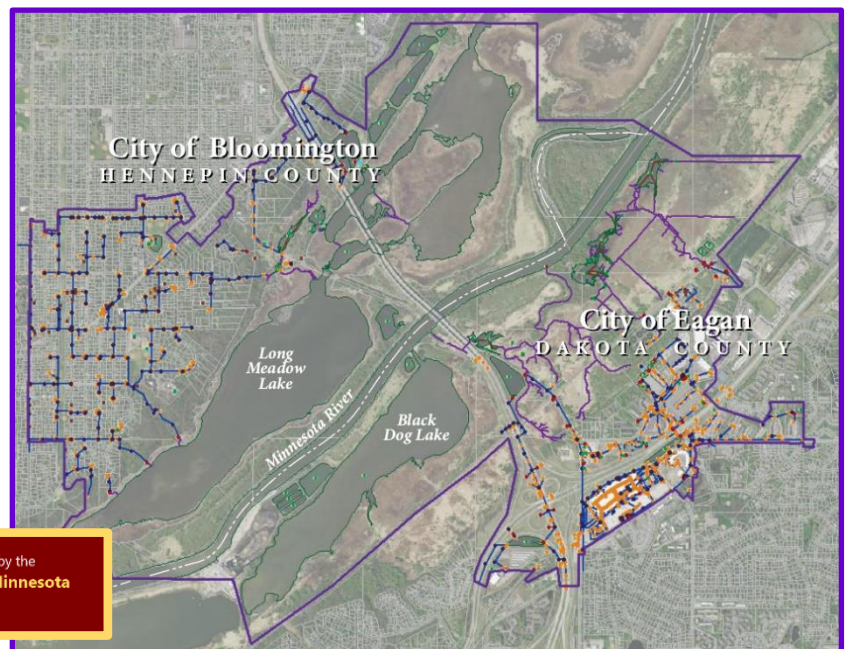
These elements indicate in what jurisdiction the fixture is located, codes for those jurisdictions and space for additional comments.

## Pilot Study Area – Sample Dataset Available

**Sample dataset available.** To enhance the ability of the stakeholder community in becoming familiar with, to review and to test the draft Stormwater Geodata Transfer Standard, a sample dataset in the prior version [v. 0.5 schema format] has been prepared and made available for download. The format is similar enough between the v. 0.5 and v. 0.6 that the user can hopefully ‘get the feel’ of how data in the schema would be to work with. This sample pilot dataset contains two ‘storm-shed’ areas which drain to the Minnesota River, one in the City of Bloomington, the other in the City of Eagan. The sample pilot site includes a variety of the kinds of stormwater features the draft standard attempts to represent with geospatial data. Additionally, the Minnesota Department of Transportation also maintains several stormwater fixtures and assets in the pilot study area. The pilot site is shown in Exhibit A below.

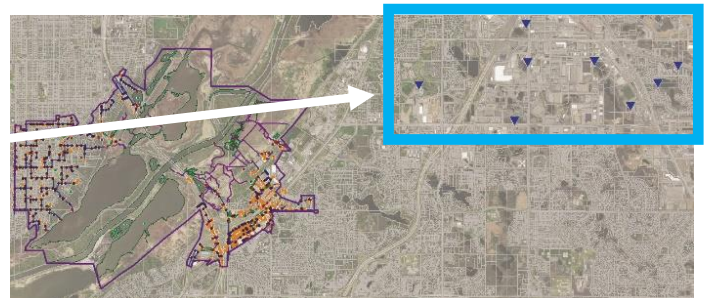
### Exhibit A - Pilot Study Area:

The sample pilot dataset encompasses a total area of 5.87 square miles (3,762 acres) encompassing portions of both Bloomington and Eagan. The dataset includes 49,279 linear feet (9.3 miles) of natural and artificial channels, 154,919 linear feet (29.3 miles) of stormwater pipes, 1122 acres of basins and open water, 58 outlet points, 1042 inlet points, 348 manholes/access points and 16 best practice installation sites.



Funding for the creation of the pilot dataset was provided by the  
**Water Resources Center of the University of Minnesota**  
<https://www.wrc.umn.edu/>

Also, as no stormwater lift stations appear within designated **sample pilot study site area**, the City of Eagan has graciously also included seven (7) lift station sites to the pilot dataset (*outlined in the blue box*). These lift station point sites are available with the downloadable **sample pilot dataset** below.



The **sample pilot dataset** in the prior v. 0.5 draft standard format for the area above is available for download in both ESRI geodatabase format (.gdb) and shapefile format (.shp) from the following website:  
<https://www.metrogis.org/projects/stormsewers.aspx>

## Stormwater Standard – Guide to Schema Attributes

Each **Component** contains numerous individual attributes; this document will be organized so each attribute has its own descriptive entry which details its content and example of which is as follows with descriptions of each sub-component:

Element ID: Example: **L\_PIPE1** - this is just a reference (marker) ID telling the user that the attribute is a linear feature (**L**), in the Pipe Component (**PIPE**) and is the first attribute in the list (**1**); the Element IDs will change with each version of the standard as attributes get added or dropped.

Attribute (Alias) Name: **Pipe ID**  
Database Name: **PIPE\_ORID** (these are kept to 10 characters or less)

Inclusion Category: Mandatory, Conditional, If Available, Optional  
These are the categories in use by standards adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council  
(Please see page 14 for explanation)

Field Width: This indicates the character width of the field (a.k.a. Length)

Domain: This indicates if the field has a domain of accepted values

Example: Where applicable and example will be provided

Description: An additional verbal description of fixture represented

Photographic or illustrative examples of the fixture or object being represented in the data schema may also be provided to offer context to the reader. The graphic below explains the table provided for each descriptor of each attribute presented in the draft v. 0.5 standard:

<b>Element ID</b>	<b>Name of attribute</b>	<b>Inclusion Category information</b>	<b>Domain</b>
<b>Database name</b>	<b>L_PIPE20 – Pipe Horizontal Datum</b>		
<b>Data type</b> (Text, Float, Date, etc.)	Database Name	PIPE_HDAT	
	Data Type	Text	Inclusion Conditional
<b>Width</b>	Width	50	Domain HDatum
<b>Examples</b> (examples of actual values which might appear in the field)	Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum	
<b>Description</b> (descriptive characteristics, links to resources provided or other files are referenced as applicable)	Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings (For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_5_Domains.xlsx</a> )	

For some attributes in this draft standard, additional explanations, illustrations, graphics or photos may be provided to offer additional clarity.



## “Inclusion” Categories Explained

**“Inclusion”** is a term used to explain the requirement for the population of a field in a dataset for it to **comply with the standard**. Each attribute can be defined as one of **four types of Inclusion**, these are:

- **Mandatory;**
- **Conditional;**
- **If Available;**
- **Optional;**

Each category is explained in more detail below:

**Mandatory:** In simple terms, field identified as ‘mandatory’ needs each record populated to be *compliant with the standard*. The use of the term ‘mandatory’ indicates nothing more than for the data to be *compliant with the standard* it must have, at minimum, the mandatory fields populated. In a ‘mandatory’ designation, null values would not be allowed. Further, the term ‘mandatory’ is **not** to be applied to the fulfillment of an agency’s request for data (e.g. *“it is ‘mandatory’ that you provide this data to us”* – this is **not** the intention of the ‘mandatory’ category in this or any other standard as approved by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council). Agencies can create and maintain data that does not contain the ‘mandatory’ fields in any standards; this simply means their data is not compliant with the standard, but in no way does it mean that their data isn’t useful or cannot be used.

For example, the field **Pipe ID** is a ‘mandatory’ field to be populated in the data standard, which makes sense as each asset should have its own unique identifier; however, a data producer such as a city may have completed digitizing their stormwater network and while it has usable data, it simply has not applied a unique ID to each pipe in their system. Their data would not be compliant with the standard; but could still be used to fulfill many useful and important mapping and analysis uses.

**Conditional:** Each field with a ‘Conditional’ designation is to be populated with a non-null value for each record that is applicable to the feature or for which a specified condition exists. For example, the field **Pipe Shape** is a Conditional field; if the shape of a given pipe asset is not known, the data producer is can reasonably be expected to enter the value ‘Unknown’ and not to leave the field ‘blank’ or ‘null’.

**If Available:** Each field with an ‘If Available’ designation is to be populated—if the data exists—in the data provider’s database or system. If a data provider does not have the data, it cannot be populated. For example, the field **Pipe Casing** is an If Available field. As not all pipes types have or require a casing, or the presence of a casing may not be known, it is acceptable to leave unknowns as null values.

**Optional:** An ‘optional’ field is one that is not required to be populated, however, inclusion of this data would enhance the value and usability of the data and data producers are encouraged to provide as much data as possible.

*The following sections of this document break down the specific details of each attribute field. They are color-coded by type (Pipes in **Blue**, Channels in **Violet**, Basins in **Green**, and so on) in the document and the accompanying Excel spreadsheet documents.*

## Pipe Components

### L\_PIPE1 – Pipe ID

Database Name	PIPE_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	STR7209708112209		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; alocally-designated ID, containing any combination of letters, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer		

### L\_PIPE2 – Pipe Federated ID

Database Name	PIPE_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202-STR7209708112209		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-STR7209708112209**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**STR7209708112209** = Example of the locally designated ID for the feature

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes (FIPS/ANSI and CTU Code) are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.



#### L\_PIPE3 – Pipe Type

Database Name	PIPE_TYPE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	90	Domain	PipeType
Examples	Pipe, perforated; Pipe, non-perforated; Underdrain, wrapped Underdrain, unwrapped; Drain tile, perforated; Drain tile, non-perforated; Culvert; Other; Unknown; Combined; Force Main-Pressurized; Cattle pass		
Description	Generalized pipe type description		

#### L\_PIPE4 – Pipe Shape

Database Name	PIPE_SHP		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	24	Domain	PipeShape
Examples	Arched, Barrel, Box, Circular, Cathedral, Cattle pass, Egg shaped, Elliptical, Horseshoe, Oblong, Rectangular, Round, Trapezoidal, Triangular, Tunnel, U-Shaped, Other, Unknown		
Description	Predominant cross-sectional shape configuration of the pipe		

#### L\_PIPE5 – Pipe Material

Database Name	PIPE_MAT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	30	Domain	PipeMaterial
Examples	ABS Plastic, Asbestos Cement, Asphalt, Bituminous Fiber-Orangeburg, Brick, Brick Masonry, Cast Iron, Clay Tile <i>(for complete list of draft domain values, please see the file SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx)</i>		
Description	Substance comprising a closed pipe		

#### L\_PIPE6 – Pipe Lining

Database Name	PIPE_LINE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	45	Domain	PipeLining
Examples	Cured in Place, Fold and form, Deform/Reform, Segmented Panel, Segmented Pipe, Slip Lining, Spray Liner, Spiral Wound, Other, None, Unknown		
Description	Pipe lining method		

#### L\_PIPE7 – Pipe Diameter

Database Name	PIPE_DIA		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	(numerical value in inches)		
Description	Interior diameter of the pipe in inches Use decimal values; not fractions (e.g. value is 16.5 not 16 ½ or 16-½) Leave off name of measurement (e.g. value is 16.5, not 16.5" or 16.5 in.)		

#### L\_PIPE8 – Pipe Equivalent Diameter

Database Name	PIPE_EQD		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	(numerical value in inches)		
Description	Value equivalent to a measure of interior diameter—for a pipe that is not round or symmetrical—or if the pipe varies in width/shape from top to bottom - in inches		

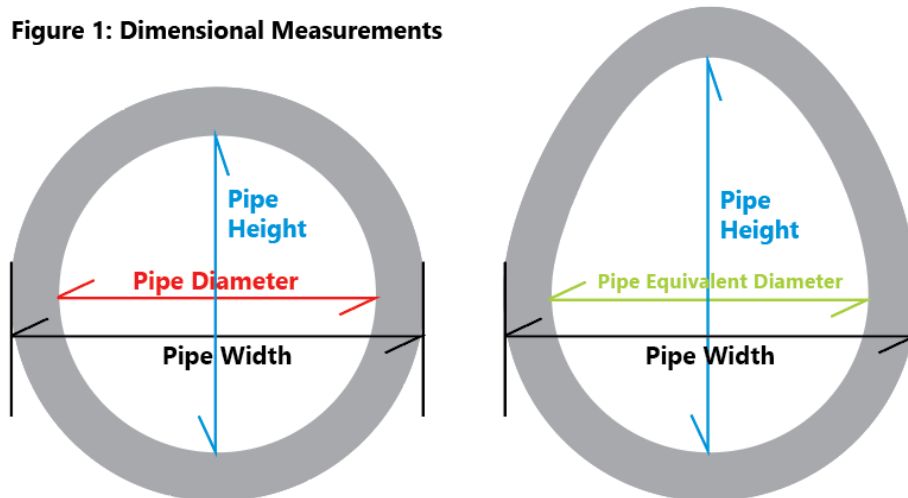
#### L\_PIPE9 – Pipe Height

Database Name	PIPE_HT		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	(numerical value in inches)		
Description	Height of the interior of the pipe through its center in inches		

#### L\_PIPE10 – Pipe Width

Database Name	PIPE_WD		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	(numerical value in inches)		
Description	Width of the entire diameter (including pipe exterior) of the pipe in inches		

Figure 1: Dimensional Measurements



#### L\_PIPE11 – Pipe Length

Database Name	PIPE_LNG		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	(numerical value in feet)		
Description	Length of the pipe in feet		

#### L\_PIPE12 – Pipe Depth

Database Name	PIPE_DEP		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(numerical value in feet)</i>		
Description	Approximate or average depth of a span of pipe in feet from the surface of the ground to the top of the pipe. Obviously, the starting and ending points of a pipe will differ in their depth. This attribute is intended to provide a useful and basic general measure as to the depth of the entire fixture (e.g. is the pipe 6 feet down or 12 feet down from the surface?) Additionally, depth of pipe from the surface or from a roadway may influence which agency or interest conducts the maintenance on the pipe;		

#### L\_PIPE13 – Pipe Coverage

Database Name	PIPE_CVG		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(numerical value in feet)</i>		
Description	A general description of the type of ground cover above the pipe ( <i>this is useful for scoping and planning excavation and repair work</i> )		

#### L\_PIPE14 – Pipe Upstream Invert Elevation

Database Name	PIPE_IELVU		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(numerical value in feet above mean sea level)</i>		
Description	Elevation at the bottom of the inside portion of the pipe, at the upstream point		

#### L\_PIPE15 – Pipe Downstream Invert Elevation

Database Name	PIPE_IELVD		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(numerical value in feet above mean sea level)</i>		
Description	Elevation at the bottom of the inside portion of the pipe, at the downstream point		

#### L\_PIPE16 – Pipe From

Database Name	PIPE_FROM		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(ID of the upstream fixed asset)</i>		
Description	The ID (*_ORID) of the asset <i>from</i> which the pipe flows		

#### L\_PIPE17 – Pipe To

Database Name	<b>PIPE_TO</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(ID of the downstream fixed asset)</i>		
Description	The ID (*_ORID) of the asset <i>to/toward</i> which the pipe flows		

#### L\_PIPE18 – Pipe Slope

Database Name	<b>PIPE_SLOPE</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(Whole number representing percent of slope, e.g. '11' not '0.11')</i>		
Description	Percent slope of the pipe, expressed as a whole number. Percent is calculated as: $[(\text{Rise}/\text{Run}) * 100 = \text{Percent Slope}]$ <i>(Rise divided by run) multiplied by 100 = Percent Slope</i>		

#### L\_PIPE19 – Pipe Casing

Database Name	<b>PIPE_CASE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if pipe has a casing or other protective container present		

#### L\_PIPE20 – Pipe Vertical Datum

Database Name	<b>PIPE_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

#### L\_PIPE21 – Pipe Horizontal Datum

Database Name	<b>PIPE_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

**L\_PIPE22 – Pipe General Location**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 NW ½ of T31N R23W S17 121 7 <sup>th</sup> Place East, Saint Paul, MN, 55101 210' south of intersection of Smith Road and US HWY 52 44.957459, -93.277684 Intersection of W 26 <sup>th</sup> Street and Blaisdell Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of, PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

**To be added:****L\_PIPE23 – Road Identifier**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_RDID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	50	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	State Highway 280 Main Street East CSAH 24		
Description	This attribute is provided so a specific road name, road number or other road identifier can be added and maintained to help locate the pipe		

**L\_PIPE24 – Pipe As-Built Drawing Link**

Database Name	<b>PIPEABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

**L\_PIPE25 – Pipe As-Built Drawing Document**

Database Name	<b>PIPEABDOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing		

#### L\_PIPE26 – Pipe Status

Database Name	PIPE_STAT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	Status
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the pipe		

#### L\_PIPE27 – Pipe Status Date

Database Name	PIPE_SDATE		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last status assessment of the physical pipe		

#### L\_PIPE28 – Pipe Installation Date

Database Name	PIPE_IDATE		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the physical pipe		

#### L\_PIPE29 – Pipe Modification Date

Database Name	PIPE_MDATE		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the physical pipe		

#### L\_PIPE30 – Pipe Condition

Database Name	PIPE_COND		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	"Appeared in good condition" "Pipe exposed due to erosion" "Poor"		
Description	PIPE_COND is provided as a 150-character field for written descriptions		

#### L\_PIPE31 – Pipe Condition Date

Database Name	PIPE_CDATE		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last condition assessment of the physical pipe		



**To be removed:**

**L\_PIPE-- – Pipe Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Number of document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical pipe		

**To be added:**

**L\_PIPE32 – Pipe Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the pipe		

**L\_PIPE33 – Pipe Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical pipe can be maintained		

**L\_PIPE34 – Pipe Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**L\_PIPE35 – Pipe Easement**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

The following three fields are recommended for removal from the Version 0.6, these were determined to be 'out of scope' for a data transfer standard. Instead, these can be maintained via look-up table and joined by the feature ID as needed. Please see the 'Appendix of Related Features' at the end of this document.

#### **L\_PIPE-- -- Pipe Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of pipe asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

#### **L\_PIPE-- -- Pipe Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of pipe asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

#### **L\_PIPE-- -- Pipe Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**L\_PIPE36 – Pipe Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the pipe		

**L\_PIPE37 – Pipe Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the pipe		

**L\_PIPE38 – Pipe Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the pipe		

**L\_PIPE39 – Pipe Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Dakota County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the pipe		

**L\_PIPE40 – Pipe Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

**L\_PIPE41 – Pipe Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

**L\_PIPE42 – Pipe Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the digital feature representing the pipe		

**L\_PIPE43 – Pipe Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>PIPE_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the pipe (Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**L\_PIPE44 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory (CTU) where the physical pipe is located;		

#### L\_PIPE45 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = unique GNIS code for City of Eagan 02394198 = unique GNIS code for City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit GNIS code representing the municipal unit (CTU = city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leading zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT); GNIS is the Geographic Names Information System code developed by the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S Board on Geographic Names to promote standardization of names of features with a unique number-based code.  <i>Helpful links:</i> <a href="https://www.usgs.gov/core-science-systems/ngp/board-on-geographic-names">https://www.usgs.gov/core-science-systems/ngp/board-on-geographic-names</a> <a href="https://www.usgs.gov/core-science-systems/ngp/board-on-geographic-names/domestic-names">https://www.usgs.gov/core-science-systems/ngp/board-on-geographic-names/domestic-names</a> <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geographic_Names_Information_System">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geographic_Names_Information_System</a>		

#### L\_PIPE46 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 053		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the pipe is located; because a linear feature may cross a municipal and/or county boundary, the general rule is that if over half the feature (>50%) is in one jurisdiction, favor that jurisdiction as the location rather than splitting the line at the boundary		

#### L\_PIPE47 – County Name

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical pipe is located; ; because a linear feature may cross a municipal and/or county boundary, the general rule is that if over half the feature (>50%) is in one jurisdiction, favor that jurisdiction as the location rather than splitting the line at the boundary		

#### L\_PIPE48 – State Code

Database Name	STATE_CODE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

#### L\_PIPE49 – Pipe Comments

Database Name	PIPE_CMNT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>“Unsure if this pipe is actually located on the Johnson Property”</i> <i>“Pipe is damaged, needs to be replaced based on field inspection May 2019”</i> <i>“Polyline from data source digitized in wrong direction”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of the pipe feature		



## Channel Components

### L\_CHAN1 – Channel ID

Database Name	CHAN_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	C117-14-4		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### L\_CHAN2 – Channel Federated ID

Database Name	CHAN_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202- C117-14-4		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-C117-14-4**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**C117-14-4** = Example of the locally designated ID for the feature

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

**L\_CHAN-- – AUID**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_AUID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	12	Domain	<b>AUID</b>
Example	04010201-A79 07040008-871		
Description	Assessment Unit ID (to be changed to WIDs – Water Unit IDs) ID for streams, rivers, ditches and other types of open channels		

To be removed from the draft standard: AUID/WIDs are not permanent IDs, and the extent of a reach is subject to change over time, influenced by factors such as water quality standards, channelization or restoration work, hydrological influence, and other reasons that influence how the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) conducts water quality work. If the extent of a reach is changed, the WID number will also change. Historical associations are maintained by MPCA. Streams without a specific agency interest associated have an ID of '\*HUC8\*-999' assigned to them. As the MPCA programs associate stations or attributes with these un-specified waters, new WIDs will be continually assigned (<https://gisdata.mn.gov/dataset/water-current-stream-wids>).

**L\_CHAN3 – Channel Type**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_TYPE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	30	Domain	<b>ChannelType</b>
Examples	Ditch, Trench, Aqueduct, Emergency Overflow, Swale, Stream, Spillway, Lined Channel, Natural Channel, Other, Unknown		
Description	Generalized channel type description		

**L\_CHAN4 – Channel Design Depth**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_DD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Channel design depth in feet (taken from as-built drawings)		

**L\_CHAN5 – Channel Width**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_WD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Channel width measured at surface in feet (or from as-built drawings)		

### L\_CHAN6 – Channel Length

Database Name	<b>CHAN_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Channel length measured in feet (taken from as-built drawings)		

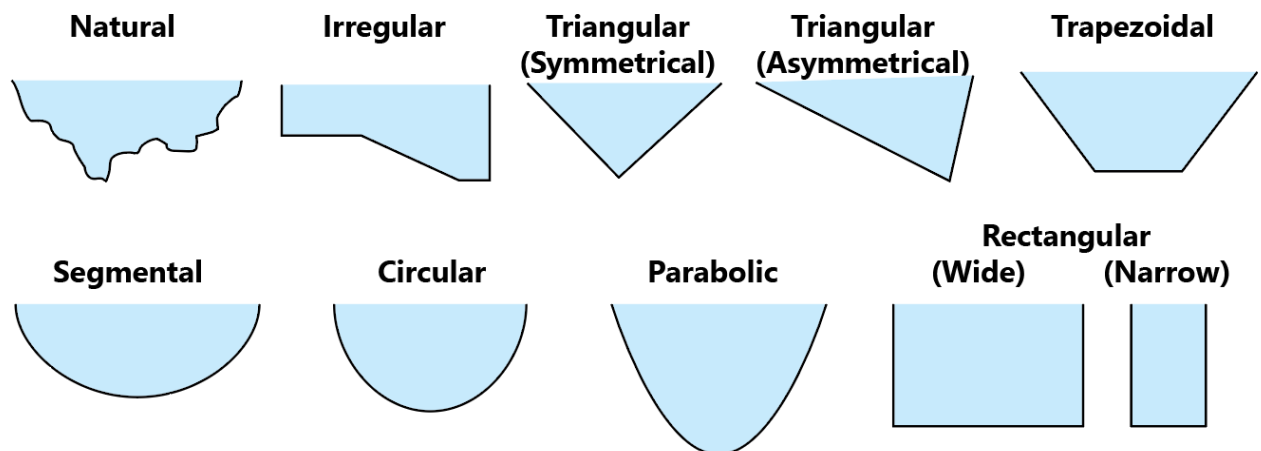
### L\_CHAN7 – Channel Lining

Database Name	<b>CHAN_LIN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	24	Domain	<b>ChannelLining</b>
Examples	“Vegetation, high” “Armored, concrete” “Armored, concrete, bottom only” “Unknown” <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		
Description	A description of the lining material of the channel or ditch		

### L\_CHAN8 – Channel Shape

Database Name	<b>CHAN_SHP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	24	Domain	<b>ChannelShape</b>
Examples	Natural, Irregular, Triangular-Symmetrical, Triangular-Asymmetrical, Trapezoidal, Segmental, Segmental-Two Stage, Parabolic, Rectangular-Wide, Rectangular-Narrow, Other, Unknown		
Description	The cross-sectional shape of a channel or ditch		

**Figure 2: Channel Shapes**



### L\_CHAN9 – Channel From

Database Name	<b>CHAN_FROM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(ID of the upstream fixed asset)</i>		
Description	The ID (*_ORID) of the asset <i>from</i> which the channel flows		

### L\_CHAN10 – Channel To

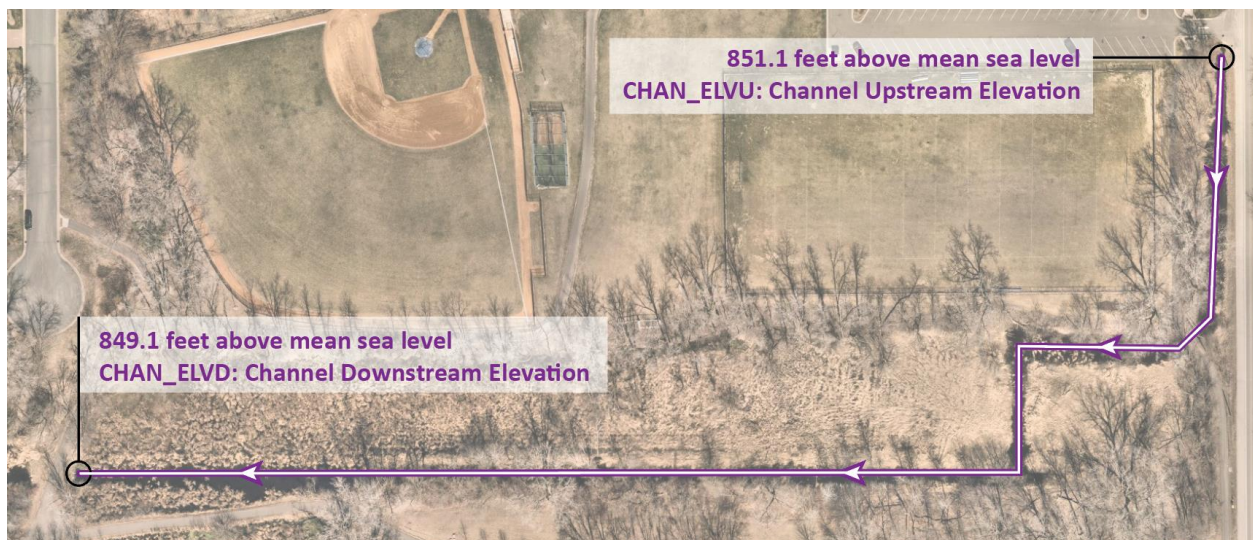
Database Name	<b>CHAN_TO</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(ID of the downstream fixed asset)</i>		
Description	The ID (*_ORID) of the asset <i>to/toward</i> which the channel flows		

### L\_CHAN11 – Channel Upstream Elevation

Database Name	<b>CHAN_ELVU</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(numerical value in feet above mean sea level)</i>		
Description	Elevation at the bottom of the upstream origin point of the channel segment		

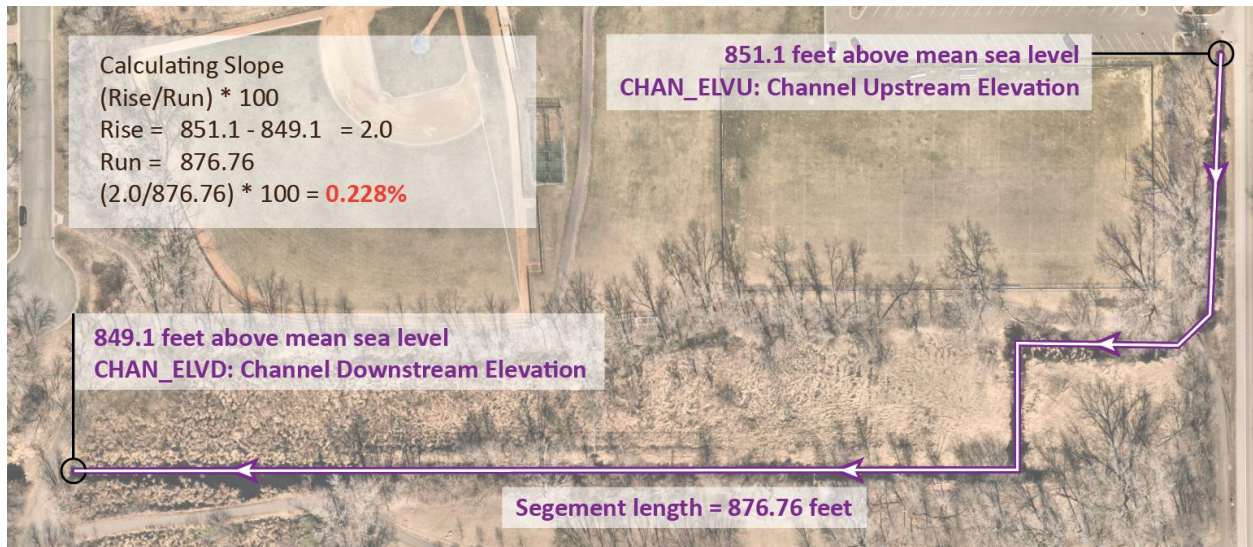
### L\_CHAN12 – Channel Downstream Elevation

Database Name	<b>CHAN_ELVD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>(numerical value in feet above mean sea level)</i>		
Description	Elevation at the bottom of the downstream ending point of the channel segment		



### L\_CHAN13 – Channel Slope

Database Name	<b>CHAN_SLOPE</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	11.2 = 11.2% (not .112) 0.22 = 0.22% (not 0.0022)		
Description	Percent slope of the pipe, expressed as a whole number Percent is calculated as: $[(\text{Rise}/\text{Run}) * 100 = \text{Percent Slope}]$		



### L\_CHAN14 – Channel Vertical Datum

Database Name	<b>CHAN_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

#### L\_CHAN15 – Channel Horizontal Datum

Database Name	<b>CHAN_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

#### L\_CHAN16 – Channel General Location

Database Name	<b>CHAN_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 NW ½ of T31N R23W S17 14005 South Range Line Road 1100' south of intersection 110 <sup>th</sup> Street and 190 <sup>th</sup> Avenue, W of Strathcona 44.957459, -93.277684 Intersection of Range Line Road and Highway 23		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of, PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

#### L\_CHAN17 – Channel As-Built Drawing Link

Database Name	<b>CHANABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

#### L\_CHAN18 – Channel As-Built Drawing Document

Database Name	<b>CHANABDOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing		



#### L\_CHAN19 – Channel Status

Database Name	<b>CHAN_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the channel		

#### L\_CHAN20 – Channel Status Date

Database Name	<b>CHAN_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last status assessment of the physical channel		

#### L\_CHAN21 – Channel Installation Date

Database Name	<b>CHAN_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the physical channel		

#### L\_CHAN22 – Channel Modification Date

Database Name	<b>CHAN_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the physical channel		

#### L\_CHAN23 – Channel Condition

Database Name	<b>CHAN_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Appeared in good condition” “Heavy erosion on western side” “Channel blocked with debris”		
Description	CHAN_COND is provided as a 150-character field for written descriptions		

#### L\_CHAN24 – Channel Condition Date

Database Name	<b>CHAN_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the physical channel		

**Channel Maintenance Agreement Number to be remove in favor of three new attributes**

**L\_CHAN-- – Channel Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Number of document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical channel		

**L\_CHAN25 – Channel Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the channel		

**L\_CHAN26 – Channel Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical channel can be maintained		

**L\_CHAN27 – Channel Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**L\_CHAN28 – Channel Easement**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = there is an easement associated with the feature No = it has been confirmed that there is no easement Unknown = it is unknown if an easement is present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

The following fields are recommended for removal from the Version 0.6, these were determined to be 'out of scope' for a data transfer standard. Instead these can be maintained via look-up table and joined by the feature ID as needed. Please see the 'Appendix of Related Features' at the end of this document.

#### L\_CHAN-- -- Channel Consequence of Failure Rating

Database Name	<b>CHAN_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of channel asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

#### L\_CHAN-- -- Channel Probability of Failure Rating

Database Name	<b>CHAN_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of channel asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

#### L\_CHAN-- -- Channel Criticality to System

Database Name	<b>CHAN_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**L\_CHAN29 – Channel Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the channel		

**L\_CHAN30 – Channel Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the channel		

**L\_CHAN31 – Channel Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the channel		

**L\_CHAN32 – Channel Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>CHAN_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the channel		

#### L\_CHAN33 – Channel Data Producer/Source Type

Database Name	CHAN_DATAT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	ManagementType
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	Type of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

#### L\_CHAN34 – Channel Data Producer/Source Name

Database Name	CHAN_DATAN		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	AgencyOwnMaintain
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	Name of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

#### L\_CHAN35 – Channel Date Data Modified

Database Name	CHAN_DAMOD		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the digital feature representing the channel		

#### L\_CHAN36 – Channel Data Producer/Source Name

Database Name	CHAN_DASRC		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the channel (Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

#### L\_CHAN37 – CTU Name

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory name where the physical channel is located. Because a linear feature may cross a municipal and/or county boundary, the general rule is that if over half the feature (>50%) is in one jurisdiction, favor that jurisdiction as the location rather than splitting the line at the boundary		

#### L\_CHAN38 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 02394198		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located. As the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT)		

#### L\_CHAN39 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the channel is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

#### L\_CHAN40 – County Name

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical channel is located, because a linear feature may cross a municipal and/or county boundary, the general rule is that if over half the feature (>50%) is in one jurisdiction, favor that jurisdiction as the location rather than splitting the line at the boundary		

#### L\_CHAN41 – State Code

Database Name	STATE_CODE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	(no domain)
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

#### L\_CHAN42 – Channel Comments

Database Name	CHAN_CMNT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>“Unsure if this channel is actually located on the Anderson Property”</i> <i>“Channel is heavily eroded and damaged from ATVs”</i> <i>“Polyline from data source digitized in wrong direction”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of the channel feature		



## Artificial Path Components

### L\_APATH1 – Artificial Path ID

Database Name	<b>APA_ORID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	AP-XH-00088		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### L\_APATH2 – Artificial Path Federated ID

Database Name	<b>APA_FID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2705300664202-AP-XH-00088		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-AP-XH-00088**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**AP-XH-00088** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the feature

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.A

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

**L\_APATH3 – Artificial Path Type**

Database Name	<b>APA_TYPE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	45	Domain	<b>ArtificialPathType</b>
Examples	“Water connector”		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

**L\_APATH4 – Artificial Path Length**

Database Name	<b>APA_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Artificial path length measured in feet (calculated in GIS)		

**L\_APATH5 – Artificial Path From**

Database Name	<b>APA_FROM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(ID of the upstream fixed asset)</i>		
Description	The ID (*_ORID) of the asset <i>from</i> which the artificial path flows		

**L\_APATH6 – Artificial Path To**

Database Name	<b>APA_TO</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(ID of the downstream fixed asset)</i>		
Description	The ID (*_ORID) of the asset <i>to/toward</i> which the artificial path flows		

**L\_APATH7 – Artificial Path Slope**

Database Name	<b>APA_SLOPE</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(Whole number representing percent of slope, e.g. ‘11’ not ‘0.11’)</i>		
Description	Percent slope of the artificial path, expressed as a whole number Percent is calculated as: [(Rise/Run)*100 = Percent Slope]		

**L\_APATH8 – Artificial Path Status**

Database Name	<b>APA_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples*	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the artificial path (as applicable)		

*\*Obviously, several of these options are not applicable to an artificial path feature*

**L\_APATH9 – Artificial Path Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>APA_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

**L\_APATH10 – Artificial Path Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>APA_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

**L\_APATH11 – Artificial Path Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>APA_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the digital feature representing the path		

**L\_APATH12 – Artificial Path Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>APA_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the artificial; this can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**L\_APATH13 — CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory where the artificial path is located;		

**L\_APATH14 – CTU Code**

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 02394198		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the artificial path is located As the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT)		

**L\_APATH15 – County Code**

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the artificial path is located, because a linear feature may cross a municipal and/or county boundary, the general rule is that if over half the feature (>50%) is in one jurisdiction, favor that jurisdiction as the location rather than splitting the line at the boundary		

**L\_APATH16 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the artificial path is located		

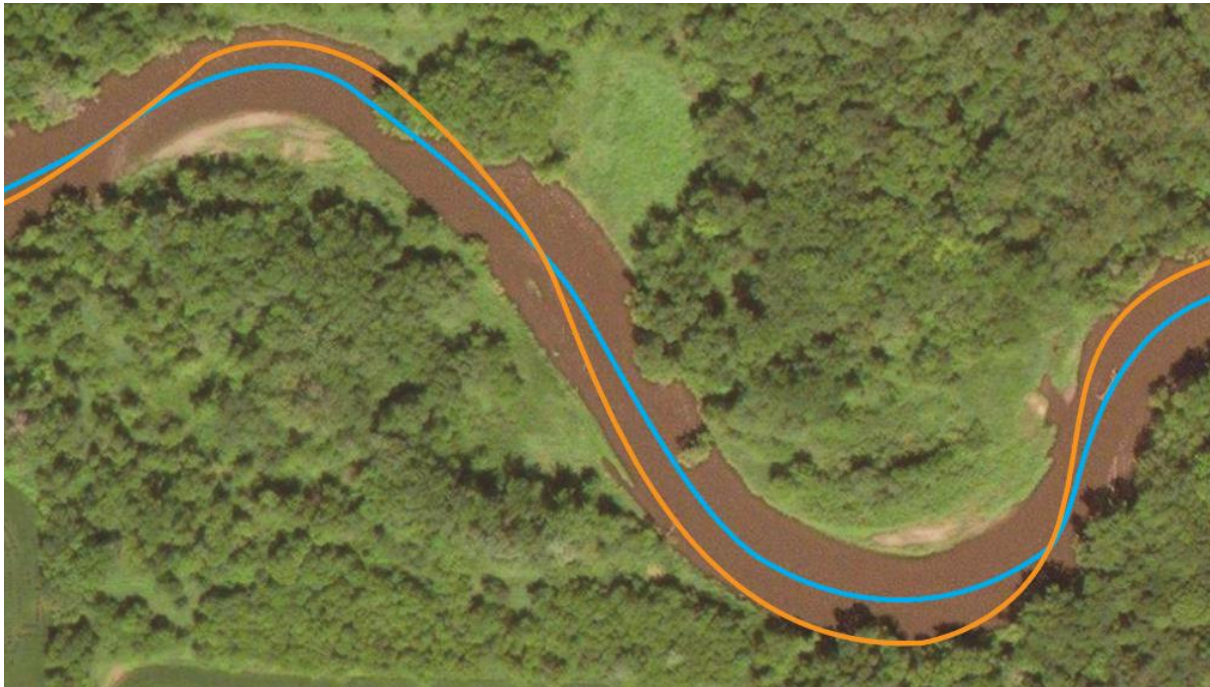
**L\_CHAN17 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

### L\_APATH18 – Artificial Path Comments

Database Name	APA_CMNT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>“Created path to replicate known overland flow”</i> <i>“Path used for the known thalweg* derived from LIDAR”</i> <i>“Water connector through Smith Lake for flow modeling”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to any descriptive aspect of the artificial path feature		

\**Thalweg is a term used in geography and geomorphology and often in legal proceedings where a watercourse forms a legal boundary between two jurisdictions. Translated from the original German, ‘thalweg’ literally means ‘valley way’ and is the term used for **the path of the lowest elevation in a waterway, water course or valley**. In the example below, the **stream centerline is in light blue**, while the **thalweg (deepest water course) is shown in orange**.*



## Basin Components

### P\_BASN.1 – Basin Unique Identifier

Database Name	<b>BASN_ORID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	CEB-100020003-009		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_BASN.2 – Basin Federated ID

Database Name	<b>BASN_FID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2705300664202-CEB-100020003-009		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-CEB-100020003-009**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**CEB-100020003-009**= Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the basin feature

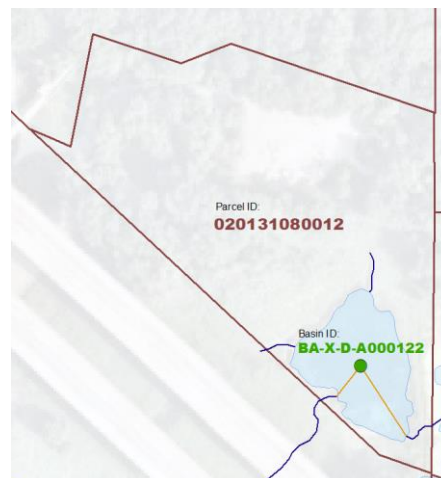
The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

### P\_BASN.3 – Basin Local Parcel ID

Database Name	<b>BASN_PID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	36	Domain	(no domain)
Example			
Description	Unique locally assigned ID of the parcel on which the basin point is located.		

The purpose of the 'Local Parcel ID' is provide the ability to link the **basin point** to the **parcel of land** on which it is found; by embedding the parcel ID into the basin point, this affords the opportunity for additional relational database linkages and analysis to be made. It is acknowledged and accepted that *basin extent (e.g. the polygon representation of the basin)* can potentially extend over numerous parcels, or, in some cases a basin point may be in a right of way or other area where there no parcels IDs are assigned. In these instances, it is up to the data creator make a best fit determination relevant and usable to their circumstance.



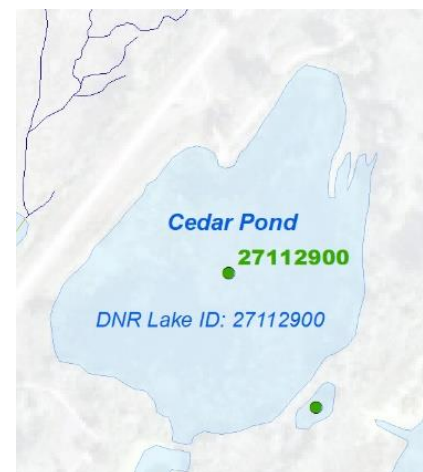
### P\_BASN.4 – Basin DNR Lake ID

Database Name	<b>BASN_DNRID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	(no domain)
Example	27112900		
Description	A unique 8-digit identifier for each lake polygon as assigned by the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The value of this field is the DNR Division of Waters lake identification number if one has been assigned. Otherwise, the Lake ID is a unique sequential number.		

A unique 8-digit identifier for each lake polygon as assigned by the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources.

#### Cedar Pond

ID: 27112900  
 County: Hennepin  
 Near: Nicollet  
 Border Water: No  
 Sentinel Lake: No



More information is available at the link:

<https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/maps/compass/index.html>

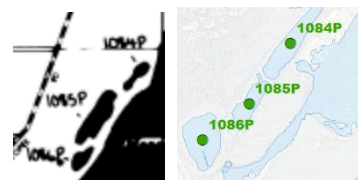


### P\_BASN.5 – Basin Public Waters Index (PWI) ID

Database Name	BASN_PWI		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	12	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2P, 1084P, 1085P, 1086P		
Description	A unique ID for bodies of water on the Public Waters Index that meet the criteria of Mn. Stat. 103G.005 and have been mapped under Mn. Stat. 103G.201		

Any basin that has been assigned PWI inventory ID number. The Minnesota Department of Natural Resources is presently in the process of creating geospatial data representing PWI waters. Original paper maps with ID numbers assigned to PWI water are available at the link:

[https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/waters/watermgmt\\_section/pwi/maps.html](https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/waters/watermgmt_section/pwi/maps.html)



### P\_BASN.6 – Basin Name

Database Name	BASN_NAME		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	(no domain)
Example	Black Dog Lake, Cedar Pond		
Description	Common name of the basin		

### P\_BASN.7 – Basin Type

Database Name	BASN_TYPE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	30	Domain	BasinType
Example	Lake, Pond, Wetland, Constructed Wetland, Culvert (centroid), Detention, Impoundment, Filtration with underdrain, Filtration without underdrain, Other, Unknown		
Description	Type of basin		

Within limnology and water resources management, the term ‘basin’ is a generalized term, but there are many *basin types*, each with specific definitions. The difference between a ‘lake’ and a ‘pond’ for example is the presence (in a lake) of an ‘aphotic’ zone (i.e. *an area where sunlight cannot reach the bottom*) or its absence (as in a pond). Visual analysis may not be enough to correctly attribute each basin feature, additional research may be needed to determine the correct category for each water body represented.



The water body shown at right is an example of a **constructed wetland** however it appears as if it were a naturally occurring basin feature.

The table at the top of the next page provides the general description and definition of the various basin types represented in the v. 0.5 of the stormwater geodata standard as offered for public review.

Basin Value	General Definition
Lake	Water body which contains an 'aphotic' zone (i.e. area where sunlight cannot reach the bottom)
Pond	Water body which lacks an 'aphotic' zone (i.e. sunlight can reach all parts of the water body bottom)
Wetland	A wetland that occurs in its natural or near-natural state
Retention-wet basin	<i>A basin where there is a continuous presence of water</i>
Detention-dry basin	<i>A basin having an orifice level at the bottom and does not have a permanent presence of water</i>
Constructed Wetland	A wetland that occurs as the result of human construction
Culvert, centroid	A point that represents the centroid of a line segment representing a culvert
Detention	An excavated area or feature adjacent to a waterbody to store water for a limited period of time
Impoundment	A body of water formed by a dam or other structure
Filtration with underdrain	A filtration system with an underdrain
Filtration without underdrain	A filtration system without an underdrain
Other	A feature that does not fall into another clear definition category
Unknown	Feature type is unknown

Example of a **detention**  
(dry pond style) feature:



Example of a **pond**  
(constructed) feature:



Example of a **filtration basin**  
(constructed) feature:



To be added:

**P\_BASN.8 – Basin Lining**

Database Name	<b>BASN_LIN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	45	Domain	<b>BasinLining</b>
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in feet)</i>		
Description	Lining material of the basin		

**P\_BASN.9 – Basin Depth**

Database Name	<b>BASN_DEPTH</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in feet)</i>		
Description	Maximum depth of the basin in feet (as per as-built drawings or as known if a natural feature)		

**P\_BASN.10 – Basin Area**

Database Name	<b>BASN_AREA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface of the basin in acres (as per as-built drawings or as known if a natural feature)		

To be added:

**P\_BASN.11 – Basin Design Live Volume**

Database Name	<b>BASN_LVOL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in acre-feet)</i>		
Description	Live volume of water the basin was designed to hold (if constructed) or holds naturally		

**P\_BASN.12 – Basin Design Dead Volume**

Database Name	<b>BASN_DVOL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in acre-feet)</i>		
Description	Dead volume capacity in acre-feet		

To be removed:

**P\_BASN.-- – Basin Design Volume**

Database Name	<b>BASN_NELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet-above-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Volume of water the basin was designed to hold or holds naturally		

**P\_BASN.13 – Basin Design Normal Elevation**

Database Name	<b>BASN_NELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet-above-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Normal elevation of the basin above sea level		

**P\_BASN.14 – Basin Design Flood Stage Elevation**

Database Name	<b>BASN_FELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet-above-sea-level)</i>		
Description	100-year flood elevation based on local datum		

**P\_BASN.15 – Basin Design Bottom Elevation**

Database Name	<b>BASN_BELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet-above-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of the basin (as per as-built drawings or as is known if basin is a natural feature)		

**P\_BASN.16 – Basin Overflow Elevation**

Database Name	<b>BASN_OELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet-above-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Elevation at which overflow of the basin takes place (as per as-built drawings or as known if a natural feature)		

**P\_BASN.17 – Basin Ordinary High-water Level**

Database Name	<b>BASN_OHWL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet-above-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Ordinary high-water level <i>(as defined by MN Stat. 103G.005, Subd. 14)</i>		

**P\_BASN.18 – Basin Vertical Datum**

Database Name	<b>BASN_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

**P\_BASN.19 – Basin Horizontal Datum**

Database Name	<b>BASN_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

**P\_BASN.20 – Basin General Location**

Database Name	<b>BASN_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 NW ½ of T31N R23W S17 44.957459, -93.277684 Intersection of Sections 1, 2, 11 and 12 within T29N R29E		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of, PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

**P\_BASN.21 – Basin Origin**

Database Name	<b>BASN_ORIG</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	30	Domain	<b>BasinOrigin</b>
Examples	Natural Natural-modified Constructed Restored to original condition Restored to modified condition Unknown Other		
Description	Indication of the origin status of the basin (naturally occurring or the result of human action)		

**P\_BASN.22 – Basin 303(d) Impairment Status**

Database Name	<b>BASN_303D</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	12	Domain	<b>BasinImpaired</b>
Examples	Impaired, Not impaired, Prior impairment, Maintenance At risk, Not applicable, Unknown		
Description	Indication if a water body (lake, stream/river segment) is currently listed on the State of Minnesota impaired/threatened waters list		

*This attribute is in reference to Section 303(d) of the Federal Clean Water Act for impaired waters and total maximum daily loads (TMDLs). The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency has granted to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency the role of monitoring and reporting on impaired waters.*

*Helpful links and resources which reference water impairments under Section 303(d)*

<https://www.epa.gov/tmdl>

<https://www.pca.state.mn.us/water/minnesotas-impaired-waters-list>

<https://www.pca.state.mn.us/water/impaired-waters-viewer-iwav>

**P\_BASN.23 – Basin As-Built Drawing Link**

Database Name	<b>BASNABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

**P\_BASN.24 – Basin As-Built Drawing Document**

Database Name	<b>BASNABDOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	The document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the basin		

**P\_BASN.25 – Basin Status**

Database Name	<b>BASN_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the basin		

**P\_BASN.26 – Basin Status Date**

Database Name	<b>BASN_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last status assessment of the physical basin		

**P\_BASN.27 – Basin Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>BASN_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the physical basin		

**P\_BASN.28 – Basin Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>BASN_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the physical basin		

**P\_BASN.29 – Basin Condition**

Database Name	<b>BASN_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Appeared in good condition when inspected September 2, 2019” “Heavy erosion on western side”		
Description	BASN_COND is provided as a general 150-character field for written descriptions about the observed or known condition of the basin.		

**P\_BASN.30 – Basin Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>BASN_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the when the BASN_COND comment was entered/relevant		



To be removed:

**P\_BASN.-- – Basin Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>BASN_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Number of document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical basin		

To be added:

**P\_BASN31 – Basin Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>BASN_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the channel		

**P\_BASN32 –Basin Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>BASN_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical channel can be maintained		

**P\_BASN33 – Basin Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>BASN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**P\_BASN.34 – Basin Easement**

Database Name	<b>BASN_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

To be removed:

**P\_BASN.-- – Basin Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>BASN_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_BASN.-- – Basin Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>BASN_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_BASN.-- – Basin Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>BASN_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_BASN.35 – Basin Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>BASN_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the basin		

**P\_BASN.36 – Basin Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>BASN_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the basin		

**P\_BASN.37 – Basin Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>BASN_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the basin		

**P\_BASN.38 – Basin Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>BASN_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the basin		

**P\_BASN.39 – Basin Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>BASN_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_BASN.40 – Basin Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>BASN_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_BASN.41 – Basin Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>BASN_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the basin		

**P\_BASN.42 – Basin Data Source**

Database Name	<b>BASN_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the basin ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**P\_BASN.43 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory name where the basin is physically located; if a basin centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the basin in		

**P\_BASN.44 – CTU Code**

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

**P\_BASN.45 – County Code**

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the basin is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

**P\_BASN.46 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical basin is located		

**P\_BASN.47 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_BASN.48 – Basin Comments**

Database Name	<b>BASN_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>"This basin overflows every April-May"</i> <i>"Basin needs maintenance, east wall is eroded"</i> <i>"Basin centroid represents the location pre-flood of 2012"</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of the basin feature		

## Hydraulic Control Structures Components

### P\_HCS.1 – Hydraulic Control Structure Unique Identifier

Database Name	HCS_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	103-HCHCS-0041-0177		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_HCS.2 – Hydraulic Control Structure Federated ID

Database Name	HCS_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202-103-HCHCS-0041-0177		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-103-HCHCS-0041-0177**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**103-HCHCS-0041-0177** Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

### P\_HCS.3 – Hydraulic Control Structure Type

Database Name	HCS_TYPE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	30	Domain	HCSType
Example	Dam, deck drain, detention tank, ditch block, energy dissipator, diversion chamber, diversion point, diverter, flow restrictor, outlet control structure, etc. <i>(for complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		
Description	Type of hydraulic control structure		

There are numerous kinds of [hydraulic control structures](#) listed in domains associated with the MSWGP draft standard, the MSWGP working group recognizes the limits of a GIS system to be able to fully represent all the various details of each potential kind of structure. With the structures represented here, the standard intends to accurately document the position/location of these assets, their essential measurements, their function and their ownership and other common details which would benefit the data users and hopefully provide value to the engineering and asset management data user community.



### P\_HCS.4 – Hydraulic Control Structure Length

Database Name	HCS_LNG		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

### P\_HCS.5 – Hydraulic Control Structure Width

Database Name	HCS_WID		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

### P\_HCS.6 – Hydraulic Control Structure Height or Mean Depth

Database Name	HCS_HT		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		



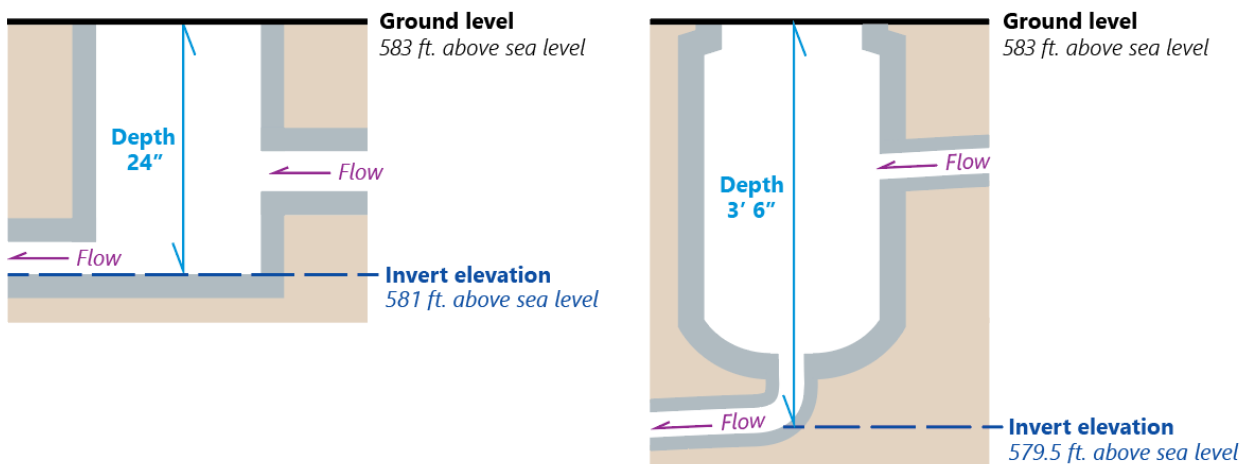
### P\_HCS.7 – Hydraulic Control Structure Design Volume

Database Name	HCS_VLD		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold (if constructed) or holds naturally;		

### P\_HCS.8 – Hydraulic Control Structure Invert Elevation

Database Name	HCS_IELEV		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>bottom of the inside portion</i> of the outlet of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

**Figure 3: Invert Elevation Examples**



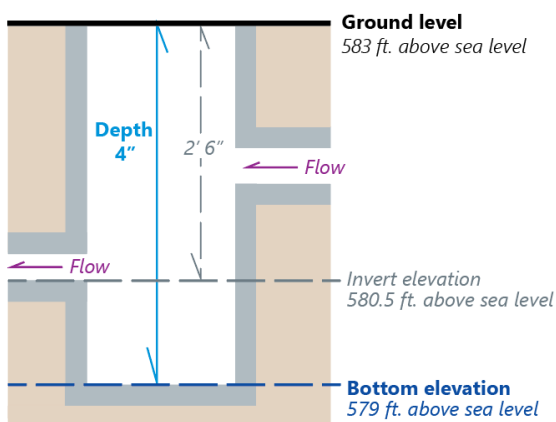
### P\_HCS.9 – Hydraulic Control Structure Rim Elevation

Database Name	HCS_RELEV		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Rim elevation (manholes); elevation of the center of the manhole lid measured from its top in feet above mean sea level		

#### P\_HCS.10 – Hydraulic Control Structure Bottom Elevation

Database Name	HCS_BELEV		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of structure <i>(differentiated from the invert elevation)</i>		

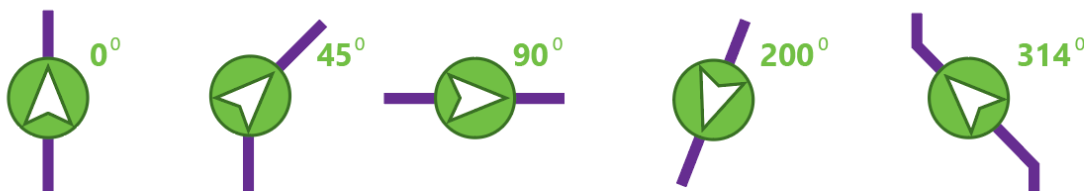
**Figure 4: Bottom Elevation Example**



#### P\_HCS.11 – Hydraulic Control Structure Rotation

Database Name	HCS_ROTAT		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(value = angle of rotation for cartographic symbol [azimuthal; north = 0°])</i>		
Description	Recommended angle of rotation for cartographic symbol; this field is used to provide a value for the preferred rotation of the point symbol for proper mapping display; the 360° azimuthal system is used (clockwise rotation) (e.g.: north= 0°, east = 90°, south= 180°, west = 270°)		

**Figure 5: Symbol Rotation Examples**



#### P\_HCS.12 – Hydraulic Control Structure Horizontal Position Accuracy Value

Database Name	HCS_HPAV		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_HCS.13)		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

#### P\_HCS.13 – Hydraulic Control Structure Horizontal Position Unit

Database Name	HCS_HPU		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	AccuracyMeasure
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the Hydraulic Control Structure Horizontal Position Accuracy Value		

#### P\_HCS.14 – Hydraulic Control Structure Vertical Position Accuracy Value

Database Name	HCS_VPAV		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_HCS.15)		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

#### P\_HCS.15 – Hydraulic Control Structure Vertical Position Unit

Database Name	HCS_VPU		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	AccuracyMeasure
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the Hydraulic Control Structure Vertical Position Accuracy Value		

Examples of the **prior four attributes** within the context of data in the standard:

HCS_IJEV	HCS_RELEV	HCS_BELEV	HCS_ROTAT	HCS_HPAV	HCS_HPU	HCS_VPAV	HCS_VPU
879.1	882.1	879.1	90.0	2.1	Feet	1.4	Feet
880.4	883.9	880.4	0.0	0.6	Meters	0.3	Meters
890.7	893.7	890.7	60.0	0.75	Meters	0.75	Meters
877.8	890.0	877.8	90.0	1.8	Feet	3.0	Feet



**Note:** Ideally, all **horizontal and vertical accuracy indicators** would be in the same unit of measure, however; as this draft standard is offered primarily as a functional transfer standard, the ability to pool data together from different measures into one body of data was initially seen as desirable, with the end-user needing to perform the needed calculations to standardize the data as needed.

**This remains a point open to debate and suggestion as this draft standard is reviewed by the stakeholder community. We welcome thoughts and ideas on how to improve this attribute in the standard.**

#### P\_HCS.16 – Hydraulic Control Structure Vertical Datum

Database Name	<b>HCS_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_HCS.17 – Hydraulic Control Structure Horizontal Datum

Database Name	<b>HCS_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_HCS.18 – Hydraulic Control Structure General Location

Database Name	<b>HCS_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	1119 22 <sup>nd</sup> Avenue NE SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 NW ½ of T31N R23W S17 44.957459, -93.277684 55' NW of intersection of 11 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Plymouth Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location;		

#### P\_HCS.19 – Hydraulic Control Structure Drawing Link

Database Name	<b>HCS_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

#### P\_HCS.20 – Hydraulic Control Structure Document

Database Name	<b>HCS_ABDONC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

#### P\_HCS.21 – Hydraulic Control Structure Status

Database Name	<b>HCS_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the hydraulic control structure		

#### P\_HCS.22 – Hydraulic Control Structure Status Date

Database Name	<b>HCS_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last status assessment of the structure		

#### P\_HCS.23 – Hydraulic Control Structure Installation Date

Database Name	<b>HCS_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the structure		

#### P\_HCS.24 – Hydraulic Control Structure Modification Date

Database Name	<b>HCS_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the structure		

**P\_HCS.25 – Hydraulic Control Structure Condition**

Database Name	<b>HCS_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018” “Damaged from flooding”		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective written descriptions		

**P\_HCS.26 – Hydraulic Control Structure Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>HCS_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last known condition assessment		

**To be removed:****P\_HCS.-- – Hydraulic Control Structure Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>HCS_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the structure		

**To be added:****P\_HCS.27 – Hydraulic Control Structure Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>HCS_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the channel		

**P\_HCS.28 – Hydraulic Control Structure Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>HCS_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical channel can be maintained		

**P\_HCS.29 – Hydraulic Control Structure Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>HCS_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**P\_HCS.30 – Hydraulic Control Structure Easement**

Database Name	<b>HCS_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

**To be removed:**

**P\_HCS.-- – Hydraulic Control Structure Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>HCS_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_HCS.-- – Hydraulic Control Structure Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>HCS_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		



**P\_HCS.-- – Hydraulic Control Structure Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>HCS_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_HCS.31 – Hydraulic Control Structure Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>HCS_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the basin		

**P\_HCS.32 – Hydraulic Control Structure Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>HCS_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the structure		

**P\_HCS.33 – Hydraulic Control Structure Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>HCS_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_HCS.34 – Hydraulic Control Structure Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>HCS_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_HCS.35 – Hydraulic Control Structure Holds Water**

Database Name	<b>HCS_HOLDS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag indicating if the structure holds water or not		

**P\_HCS.36 – Hydraulic Control Structure Infiltration Rate**

Database Name	<b>HCS_INFIL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value for infiltration rate [inches/hour])</i>		
Description	Rate of infiltration through the bottom of an infiltration device in inches per hour;		

**P\_HCS.37 – Hydraulic Control Structure Contributing Drainage Area**

Database Name	<b>HCS_CDA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface area that discharges to the structure, measured in acres;		

**P\_HCS.38 – Hydraulic Control Structure Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>HCS_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_HCS.39 – Hydraulic Control Structure Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>HCS_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_HCS.40 – Hydraulic Control Structure Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>HCS_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

**P\_HCS.41 – Hydraulic Control Structure Data Source**

Database Name	<b>HCS_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**P\_HCS.42 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory name where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in;		

#### P\_HCS.43 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

#### P\_HCS.44 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

#### P\_HCS.45 – County Name

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

#### P\_HCS.46 – State Code

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

#### P\_HCS.47 – Hydraulic Control Structure Comments

Database Name	<b>HSC_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>“Needs maintenance or replacement, north wall cracked”</i> <i>“Centroid represents the location pre-flood of 2012”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of the basin feature;		

## Pollution Control Structures Components

### P\_PCS.1 – Pollution Control Structure Unique Identifier

Database Name	PCS_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	77077-4-4410-0001		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_PCS.2 – Pollution Control Structure Unique Identifier Structure Federated ID

Database Name	PCS_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202-77077-4-4410-0001		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-77077-4-4410-0001**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**77077-4-4410-0001** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

### P\_PCS.3 – Pollution Control Structure Type

Database Name	PCS_TYPE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	30	Domain	PCSType
Example	(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a> )		
Description	Type of hydraulic control structure		



There are numerous kinds of **pollution control structures** listed in domains associated with the MSWGP draft standard, the MSWGP working group recognizes the limits of a GIS system to be able to fully represent all the various details of each potential kind of structure. With the structures represented here, the standard intends to accurately document the position/location of these assets, their essential measurements, their function and their ownership and other common details which would benefit the data users and hopefully provide value to the engineering and asset management data user community.

Input, ideas and suggestions from stakeholder review of the standard are welcome as to how to improve the **Pollution Control Structure Type** category of the standard.

### P\_PCS.4 – Pollution Control Structure Length

Database Name	PCS_LNG		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	(Insert value in feet)		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

### P\_PCS.5 – Pollution Control Structure Width

Database Name	PCS_WID		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	(Insert value in inches)		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

### P\_PCS.6 – Pollution Control Structure Height or Mean Depth

Database Name	PCS_HT		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	(Insert value in feet)		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		

### P\_PCS.7 – Pollution Control Structure Design Volume

Database Name	PCS_VLD		
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Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold (if constructed) or holds naturally;		

#### P\_PCS.8 – Pollution Control Structure Invert Elevation

Database Name	<b>PCS_IELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>bottom of the inside portion</i> of the outlet of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

>> [Please see Figure 3 on on page 61](#)

#### P\_PCS.9 – Pollution Control Structure Rim Elevation

Database Name	<b>PCS_RELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Rim elevation (manholes); elevation of the center of the manhole lid measured from its top in feet above mean sea level		

#### P\_PCS.10 – Pollution Control Structure Bottom Elevation

Database Name	<b>PCS_BELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of structure ( <i>differentiated from the invert elevation</i> )		

>> [Please see Figure 4 on on page 62](#)

#### P\_PCS.11 – Pollution Control Structure Rotation

Database Name	<b>PCS_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(angle of rotation for cartographic symbol [azimuthal; north = 0°])</i>		
Description	Recommended angle of rotation for cartographic symbol; this field is used to provide a value for the preferred rotation of the point symbol for proper mapping display; the 360° azimuthal system is used (clockwise rotation) (e.g.: north= 0°, east = 90°, south= 180°, west = 270°)		

>> [Please see Figure 5 on page 62](#)

#### P\_PCS.12 – Pollution Control Structure Horizontal Position Accuracy Value

Database Name	<b>PCS_HPAV</b>
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Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See also <b>P_PCS.13</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

#### **P\_PCS.13 – Pollution Control Structure Horizontal Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>PCS_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Pollution Control Structure Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

#### **P\_PCS.14 – Pollution Control Structure Vertical Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>PCS_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See also <b>P_PCS.15</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

#### **P\_PCS.15 – Pollution Control Structure Vertical Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>PCS_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Pollution Control Structure Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

#### **P\_PCS.16 – Pollution Control Structure Vertical Datum**

Database Name	<b>PCS_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### **P\_PCS.17 – Pollution Control Structure Horizontal Datum**

Database Name	<b>PCS_HDAT</b>		
---------------	-----------------	--	--

Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

#### P\_PCS.18 – Pollution Control Structure General Location

Database Name	<b>PCS_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	1119 22 <sup>nd</sup> Avenue NE SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 NW ½ of T31N R23W S17 44.957459, -93.277684 55' NW of intersection of 11 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Plymouth Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location;		

#### P\_PCS.19 – Pollution Control Structure Drawing Link

Database Name	<b>PCS_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing of the structure		

#### P\_PCS.20 – Pollution Control Structure Document

Database Name	<b>PCS_ABDON</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

#### P\_PCS.21 – Pollution Control Structure Status

Database Name	<b>PCS_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the pollution control structure		

#### P\_PCS.22 – Pollution Control Structure Status Date

Database Name	<b>PCS_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last status assessment of the structure		

#### P\_PCS.23 – Pollution Control Structure Installation Date

Database Name	<b>PCS_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the physical structure		

#### P\_PCS.24 – Pollution Control Structure Modification Date

Database Name	<b>PCS_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the physical structure		

#### P\_PCS.25 – Pollution Control Structure Condition

Database Name	<b>PCS_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018” “Damaged from flooding”		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective, written descriptions of known or observed condition of the asset		

#### P\_PCS.26 – Pollution Control Structure Condition Date

Database Name	<b>PCS_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last known condition assessment of the structure		

**To be removed:**

**P\_PCS.-- – Pollution Control Structure Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical asset		

**To be added:****P\_PCS.27 – Pollution Control Structure Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the channel		

**P\_PCS.28 – Pollution Control Structure Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the physical channel can be maintained		

**P\_PCS.29 – Pollution Control Structure Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>PCS_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**P\_PCS.30 – Pollution Control Structure Easement**

Database Name	<b>PCS_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

**To be removed:**

**P\_PCS.-- – Pollution Control Structure Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>PCS_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_PCS.-- – Pollution Control Structure Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>PCS_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_PCS.-- – Pollution Control Structure Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>PCS_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_PCS.31 – Pollution Control Structure Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>PCS_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the structure		

**P\_PCS.32 – Pollution Control Structure Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>PCS_OWNN</b>		
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Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the structure		

#### P\_PCS.33 – Pollution Control Structure Maintenance Authority Type

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

#### P\_PCS.34 – Pollution Control Structure Maintenance Authority Name

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

#### P\_PCS.35 – Pollution Control Structure Holds Water

Database Name	<b>PCS_HOLDS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag indicating if the structure holds water or not		

#### P\_PCS.36 – Pollution Control Structure Infiltration Rate

Database Name	<b>PCS_INFIL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value for infiltration rate [inches/hour])</i>		
Description	Rate of infiltration through the bottom of an infiltration device in inches per hour;		

#### P\_PCS.37 – Pollution Control Structure Contributing Drainage Area

Database Name	<b>PCS_CDA</b>		
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Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface area that discharges to the structure, measured in acres;		

#### P\_PCS.38 – Pollution Control Structure Data Producer/Source Type

Database Name	<b>PCS_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

#### P\_PCS.39 – Pollution Control Structure Data Producer/Source Name

Database Name	<b>PCS_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

#### P\_PCS.40 – Pollution Control Structure Date Data Modified

Database Name	<b>PCS_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

#### P\_PCS.41 – Pollution Control Structure Data Source

Database Name	<b>PCS_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

#### P\_PCS.42 – CTU Name

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>
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Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory name where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in;		

#### P\_PCS.43 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

#### P\_PCS.44 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

#### P\_PCS.45 – County Name

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

#### P\_PCS.46 – State Code

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

#### P\_PCS.47 – Pollution Control Structure Comments

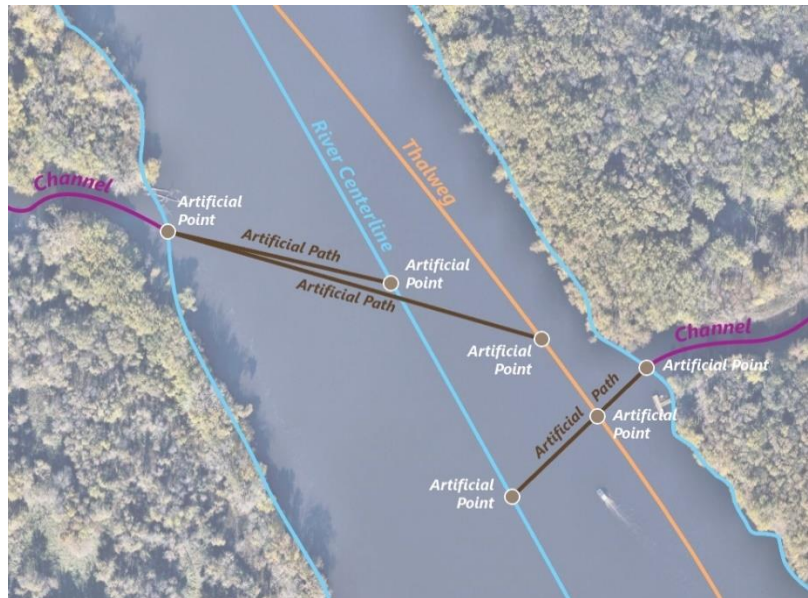


Database Name	PSC_CMNT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>"Needs maintenance or replacement, north wall cracked"</i> <i>"Centroid represents the location pre-flood of 2012"</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of the structure;		

## Artificial Point Components

**What is an artificial point?** An **artificial point** is a point feature in the stormwater geodata that does not correspond to an actual physical feature on the landscape, however, it may serve to be useful for the work of modeling, tracking, or facilitating linkages to represent other virtual features in the dataset that correspond to flow analysis or are needed for the work of engineering, modeling or asset management.

Within the MSWGP draft schema, we have identified five (5) 'types' of artificial points, these are '**junction point**', '**discharge point**', '**centroid**' (e.g. it may be useful in some situations to have/maintain a centroid of a channel segment or pipe segment), '**other**' and '**unknown**'. In the hypothetical example at right, a hydraulic modeler may wish to connect various parts of a stream system together. Artificial paths and artificial points can be created and placed to assist the modeler with more effective flow model development.



### P\_APNT.1 – Artificial Point ID

Database Name	APT_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	ARTPT-0612-001		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the artificial point as used by its creator; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_APNT.2 – Artificial Point Federated ID

Database Name	APT_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202- ARTPT-0612-001		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example shown in P\_APNT.2 we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-ARTPT-0612-001**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**ARTPT-0612-001** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the feature

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

### P\_APNT.3 – Artificial Point Type

Database Name	APT_TYPE		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	45	Domain	ArtificialPointType
Examples	Junction point Discharge point Centroid Other Unknown		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

### P\_APNT.4 – Artificial Point Status

Database Name	APT_STAT		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	Status
Examples*	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the artificial point (as applicable)		

*\*The attributes of the global MSWGP domain ‘Status’ have been applied to Artificial Point; obviously many of these options are not applicable, we welcome recommendations and suggestions for this domain from the modeling community.*

#### P\_APNT.5 – Artificial Point Elevation

Database Name	<b>APT_ELIV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	683.4 ( <i>value indicating feet above sea level</i> )		
Description	Assigned elevation (in feet above mean sea level) for the artificial point feature		

#### P\_APNT.6 – Artificial Point Data Producer/Source Type

Database Name	<b>APA_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

#### P\_APNT.7 – Artificial Point Data Producer/Source Name

Database Name	<b>APT_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source of the data		

#### P\_APNT.8 – Artificial Point Date Data Modified

Database Name	<b>APT_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the digital feature representing the feature		

#### P\_APNT.9 – Artificial Point Producer/Source Name

Database Name	<b>APT_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the artificial point; this can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**P\_APNT.10 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	100	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory name where the artificial point is located;		

**P\_APNT.11 – CTU Code**

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the artificial point is located As the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT)		

**P\_APNT.12 – County Code**

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the artificial point is located		

**P\_APNT.13 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Stearns Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the artificial point is located		

**P\_APNT.14 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_APNT.15 – Artificial Path Comments**

Database Name	<b>APT_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>“Created point for known discharge point”</i> <i>“Point is the junction of two streams”</i> <i>“Point is where channel discharges at high-water mark of lake”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to any descriptive aspect of the artificial point feature		

## Inlet Components

### P\_IN.1 – Inlet Unique Identifier

Database Name	IN_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	77456-01265		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_IN.2 – Inlet Federated Identifier

Database Name	IN_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202-77456-01265		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-77456-01265**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**77456-01265** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

**Inlet 'Flag' Attributes:** The following thirteen components (**P\_IN.3** through **P\_IN.15**) enable the data creator to 'flag' each inlet with the types general features it contains. A single inlet may be flagged with one or more of the following characteristics; it was determined that this approach enables the stormwater data creator to have maximum flexibility for categorizing and attributing the features.

#### **P\_IN.3 – Inlet Apron**

Database Name	<b>IN_APRON</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if an apron conveying the stormwater from grade down to the inlet entrance is present;		

#### **P\_IN.4 – Inlet Combination**

Database Name	<b>IN_COMB</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the inlet has a combination of characteristics		

#### **P\_IN.5 – Inlet Curb Opening**

Database Name	<b>IN_CURB</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if a drainage inlet is an opening in the roadway curb		

#### **P\_IN.6 – Inlet Deck Drain**

Database Name	<b>IN_DECK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet from a bridge deck or a scupper		

#### **P\_IN.7 – Inlet Drop**

Database Name	<b>IN_DROP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet with a horizontal or nearly horizontal opening		



**P\_IN.8 – Inlet Flanking**

Database Name	<b>IN_FLANK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet placed on either side of an inlet at low point in a vertical curve to intercept debris as the slope decreases (acts as relief to the inlet at the lower point)		

**P\_IN.9 – Inlet Grate**

Database Name	<b>IN_GRATE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet composed of a grate in the roadway section or at the roadside low point or channel;		

**P\_IN.10 – Inlet Headwall**

Database Name	<b>IN_HWALL</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet has a headwall structure		

**P\_IN.11 – Inlet Manhole**

Database Name	<b>IN_MH</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet is associated with a manhole		

**P\_IN.12 – Inlet Slotted**

Database Name	<b>IN_SLOT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate a drainage inlet is composed of a continuous slot built into the top of a pipe which serves to intercept, collect and transport the flow.		

**P\_IN.13 – Inlet Trap**

Database Name	<b>IN_TRAP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if a drainage inlet is a trap		

#### P\_IN.14 – Inlet Trench Drain

Database Name	<b>IN_TRDR</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if a drainage inlet is a trench drain		

#### P\_IN.15 – Inlet Sump

Database Name	<b>IN_SUMP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if a drainage inlet is a sump		

Examples of inlets >



#### P\_IN.16 – Inlet Shape

Database Name	<b>IN_SHAPE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	14	Domain	<b>InletShape</b>
Examples	Rectangle, Square, Circular, Trapezoid, Other, Unknown, Not applicable		
Description	To provide a description of the predominant cross-sectional shape configuration of the inlet basic shapes of drains/inlet features (as applicable)		

#### P\_IN.17 – Inlet Length

Database Name	<b>IN_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

#### P\_IN.18 – Inlet Width

Database Name	<b>IN_WID</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

**P\_IN.19 – Inlet Height or Mean Depth**

Database Name	<b>IN_HT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		

**P\_IN.20 – Inlet Design Volume**

Database Name	<b>IN_VLD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of depth in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold (if constructed) or holds naturally;		

**P\_IN.21 – Inlet Invert Elevation**

Database Name	<b>IN_IELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>bottom of the inside portion</i> of the outlet of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

**P\_IN.22 – Inlet Rim Elevation**

Database Name	<b>IN_RELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Rim elevation (manholes); elevation of the center of the manhole lid measured from its top in feet above mean sea level		

**P\_IN.23 – Inlet Bottom Elevation**

Database Name	<b>IN_BELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of structure ( <i>differentiated from the invert elevation</i> )		

**P\_IN.24 – Inlet Rotation**

Database Name	<b>IN_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(value = angle of rotation for cartographic symbol [azimuthal; north = 0°])</i>		

>> [\(Please see rotation example in Figure 5 on Page 62\)](#)

**P\_IN.25 – Inlet Horizontal Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>IN_HPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See <b>P_IN.23</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

**P\_IN.26 – Inlet Horizontal Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>IN_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Inlet Horizontal Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_IN.27– Inlet Vertical Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>IN_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See <b>P_IN.25</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

**P\_IN.28 – Inlet Vertical Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>IN_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Inlet Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_IN.29 – Inlet Vertical Datum**

Database Name	<b>IN_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

**P\_IN.30 – Inlet Horizontal Datum**

Database Name	<b>IN_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

**P\_IN.31 – Inlet General Location**

Database Name	<b>IN_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2022 42 <sup>nd</sup> Avenue SW SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 44.957459, -93.277684 34' SE of intersection of 15 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Connecticut Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

**P\_IN.32 – Inlet Drawing Link**

Database Name	<b>IN_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

**P\_IN.33 – Inlet Document**

Database Name	<b>IN_ABDON</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

**P\_IN.34 – Inlet Structure Status**

Database Name	<b>IN_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the structure		

**P\_IN.35 – Inlet Status Date**

Database Name	<b>IN_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the status assessment of the structure		

**P\_IN.36 – Inlet Condition**

Database Name	<b>IN_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018” “Damaged from flooding”		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective written descriptions		

**P\_IN.37 – Inlet Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>IN_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the condition description in <b>P_IN.33</b>		

**P\_IN.38 – Inlet Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>IN_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the structure		

**P\_IN.39 – Inlet Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>IN_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the structure		

**To be removed:****P\_IN.-- – Inlet Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>IN_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the fixture		

To be added:

**P\_IN.40 – Inlet Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the fixture		

**P\_IN.41 – Inlet Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>PCS_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the fixture can be maintained		

**P\_IN.42 – Inlet Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>PCS_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**P\_IN.43 – Inlet Easement**

Database Name	<b>IN_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

**To be removed:**

**P\_IN.-- – Inlet Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>IN_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_IN.-- – Inlet Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>IN_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_IN.-- – Inlet Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>IN_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_IN.44 – Inlet Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>IN_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the basin		



**P\_IN.45 – Inlet Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>IN_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the basin		

**P\_IN.46 – Inlet Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>IN_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_IN.47 – Inlet Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>IN_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Scott County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_IN.48 – Inlet Holds Water**

Database Name	<b>IN_HOLDS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag indicating if the structure holds water or not		

**P\_IN.49 – Inlet Infiltration Rate**

Database Name	<b>IN_INFIL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value for infiltration rate [inches/hour])</i>		
Description	Rate of infiltration through the bottom of an infiltration device in inches per hour		

**P\_IN.50 – Inlet Contributing Drainage Area**

Database Name	<b>IN_CDA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface area that discharges to the structure, measured in acres		

**P\_IN.51 – Inlet Storage Volume**

Database Name	<b>IN_STVL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in cubic feet)</i>		
Description	Storage volume of the inlet, in cubic feet		

**P\_IN.52 – Inlet Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>IN_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_IN.53 – Inlet Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>IN_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_IN.54 – Inlet Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>IN_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

#### P\_IN.55 – Inlet Data Source

Database Name	<b>IN_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

#### P\_IN.56 – CTU Name

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory name where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in;		

#### P\_IN.57 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

#### P\_IN.58 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

**P\_IN.59 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

**P\_IN.60 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_IN.61 – Inlet Comments**

Database Name	<b>IN_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>"Conflicting records, unable to determine ownership of inlet"</i> <i>"Inlet shows extreme vertical cracking on west wall"</i> <i>"Centroid does not show correct position of inlet compared to as-builts"</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of the basin feature		

## Outlet Components

### P\_OUT.1 – Outlet Unique Identifier

Database Name	<b>OUT_ORID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<b>56210-65477</b>		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_OUT.2 – Outlet Federated Identifier

Database Name	<b>OUT_FID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<b>2705300664202-56210-65477</b>		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-56210-65477**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**56210-65477**= Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

**Outlet ‘Flag’ Attributes:** The following gten components (**P\_OUT.3** through **P\_OUT.12**) enable the data creator to ‘flag’ each outlet with the types general features it contains. A single outlet may be flagged with one or more of the following characteristics; it was determined that this approach enables the stormwater data creator to have maximum flexibility for categorizing and attributing the features.

#### **P\_OUT.3 – Outlet Apron**

Database Name	<b>OUT_APRON</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if an apron is present;		

#### **P\_OUT.4 – Outlet Outfall**

Database Name	<b>OUT_OUTFL</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the features is an outfall;		

### **>> What is the difference between an outlet and an outfall?**

An **outlet** is any discharge point in a system, whereas an **outfall** is the terminal end of a system where it discharges into a receiving water, or, it leaves one jurisdiction and enters another. An outlet may also be defined as an outfall due to an agreement or legal instrument defining responsibility for maintenance or ownership or location within a right of way.

The definition provided by the Minnesota Stormwater Manual for an outfall is as follows:

**“Outfall”** means the point source where a municipal separate storm sewer system discharges to a receiving water, or the stormwater discharge permanently leaves the permittee’s municipal separate storm sewer system (a.k.a. MS4). It does not include diffuse runoff or conveyances that connect segments of the same stream or water systems (e.g., when a conveyance temporarily leaves an MS4 at a road crossing).

#### **P\_OUT.5 – Outlet Discharge Point**

Database Name	<b>OUT_PDIS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the features is a discharge point		

#### **P\_OUT.6 – Outlet Ditch**

Database Name	<b>OUT_DITCH</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the features contains a ditch outlet		

To be added:

#### P\_OUT.7 – Outlet Drop

Database Name	<b>OUT_DROP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the fixture is a drop outlet		

#### P\_OUT.8 – Outlet Slotted

Database Name	<b>OUT_SLOT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the fixture is a drop outlet		

#### P\_OUT.9 – Outlet Combination

Database Name	<b>OUT_COMBO</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the fixture is a combination		

#### P\_OUT.10 – Outlet Underground

Database Name	<b>OUT_UNDER</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the features is underground (subsurface);		

To be added:

#### P\_OUT.11 – Outlet Submerged

Database Name	<b>OUT_SUBM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the fixture is submerged		

#### P\_OUT.12 – Outlet Flapgate

Database Name	<b>OUT_FLAPG</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the feature has a flapgate.		

Photo at right illustrates an example of a flapgate at an outlet >>



**To be removed:**

**P\_OUT.-- – Outlet Tide Chamber**

Database Name	<b>OUT_TDCHM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if the feature has a tide chamber		

**P\_OUT.13 – Outlet Type**

Database Name	<b>OUT_TYPE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	100	Domain	<b>OutletTypeOptions</b>
Examples	Pipe Culvert Weir v-notch Weir sharp crested Weir broad crested Weir proportional Weir other Riser structure single outlet Riser structure multiple outlet Duckbill Drop >> moved to FLAG feature (above: P_OUT.7) Slotted >> moved to FLAG feature (above: P_OUT.8) Combination >> moved to FLAG feature (above: P_OUT.9) Other Unknown		
Description	Domain of values to indicate the specific type of outlet;		



**Contributions of additional values and ideas for improvement to this domain are strongly encouraged.**





**P\_OUT.14 – Outlet Length**

Database Name	<b>OUT_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

**P\_OUT.15 – Outlet Width**

Database Name	<b>OUT_WID</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

**P\_OUT.16 – Outlet Height or Mean Depth**

Database Name	<b>OUT_HT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		

**P\_OUT.17 – Outlet Design Volume**

Database Name	<b>OUT_VLD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of volume in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold (if constructed) or holds naturally;		

**P\_OUT.18 – Outlet Invert Elevation**

Database Name	<b>OUT_IELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value of invert elevation in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>bottom of the inside portion</i> of the outlet of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

**P\_OUT.19 – Outlet Rim Elevation**

Database Name	<b>OUT_RELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Rim elevation (manholes); elevation of the center of the manhole lid measured from its top in feet above mean sea level		

**P\_OUT.20 – Outlet Bottom Elevation**

Database Name	<b>OUT_BELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of structure <i>(differentiated from the invert elevation)</i>		

**P\_OUT.21 – Outlet Inlet Rotation**

Database Name	<b>OUT_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(value = angle of rotation for cartographic symbol [azimuthal; north = 0°])</i>		

>> [Please see rotation example in Figure 5 on Page 62](#)

**P\_OUT.22 – Outlet Horizontal Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>OUT_HPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

**P\_OUT.23 – Outlet Horizontal Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>OUT_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Outlet Horizontal Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_OUT.24 – Outlet Vertical Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>OUT_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_OUT.22)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

**P\_OUT.25 – Outlet Vertical Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>OUT_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Outlet Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_OUT.26 – Outlet Vertical Datum**

Database Name	<b>OUT_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

**P\_OUT.27 – Outlet Horizontal Datum**

Database Name	<b>OUT_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

**P\_OUT.28 – Outlet General Location**

Database Name	<b>OUT_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2116 3 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue SE SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 44.957459, -93.277684 44' SE of intersection of 44 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Maine Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

**P\_OUT.29 – Outlet Drawing Link**

Database Name	<b>OUT_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

**P\_OUT.30 – Outlet Document**

Database Name	<b>OUT_ABDOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

**P\_OUT.31 – Outlet Structure Status**

Database Name	<b>OUT_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the structure		

**P\_OUT.32– Outlet Status Date**

Database Name	<b>OUT_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the status assessment of the structure		

**P\_OUT.33 – Outlet Condition**

Database Name	<b>OUT_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018”</i> <i>“Damaged from flooding”</i>		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective written descriptions		

**P\_OUT.34 – Outlet Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>OUT_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the condition description in <b>P_OUT.30 – Outlet Condition</b>		

**P\_OUT.35 – Outlet Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>OUT_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the structure		

**P\_OUT.36 – Outlet Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>OUT_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the structure		

**To be removed:****P\_OUT.-- – Outlet Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>OUT_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the structure		

**To be added:****P\_OUT.37 – Outlet Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>OUT_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the fixture		

**P\_OUT.38 – Outlet Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>OUT_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the fixture can be maintained		

**P\_OUT.39 – Outlet Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>OUT_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**P\_OUT.40 – Outlet Easement**

Database Name	<b>OUT_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

**To be removed:****P\_OUT.-- – Outlet Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>OUT_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_OUT.-- – Outlet Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>OUT_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_OUT.-- – Outlet Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>OUT_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_OUT.41 – Outlet Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>OUT_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the basin		

**P\_OUT.42 – Outlet Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>OUT_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the basin		

**P\_OUT.43 – Outlet Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>OUT_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_OUT.44 – Outlet Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>OUT_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Scott County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_OUT.45 – Outlet Holds Water**

Database Name	<b>OUT_HOLDS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag indicating if the structure holds water or not		

**P\_OUT.46 – Outlet Infiltration Rate**

Database Name	<b>OUT_INFIL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value for infiltration rate [inches/hour])</i>		
Description	Rate of infiltration through the bottom of an infiltration device in inches per hour;		

**P\_OUT.47 – Outlet Contributing Drainage Area**

Database Name	<b>OUT_CDA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface area that discharges to the structure, measured in acres;		

**P\_OUT.48 – Outlet Storage Volume**

Database Name	<b>OUT_STVL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in cubic feet)</i>		
Description	Storage volume of the inlet, in cubic feet		

**P\_OUT.49 – Outlet Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>OUT_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_OUT.50 – Outlet Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>OUT_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan Metropolitan Council Hennepin County		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		



**P\_OUT.51 – Outlet Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>OUT_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

**P\_OUT.52 – Outlet Data Source**

Database Name	<b>OUT_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**P\_OUT.53 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in		

**P\_OUT.54 –CTU Code**

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

**P\_OUT.55 – County Code**

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

**P\_OUT.56 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

**P\_OUT.57 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_OUT.58 – Outlet Comments**

Database Name	<b>OUT_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>"Conflicting records, unable to determine ownership of outlet"</i> <i>"Outlet damaged in most recent flood"</i> <i>"Data point does not show correct position of outlet compared to as-builts"</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of structure;		

## Manhole Components

### P\_MH.1 – Manhole Unique Identifier

Database Name	<b>MH_ORID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2009-DRL226-RGC		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_MH.2 – Manhole Federated Identifier

Database Name	<b>MH_FID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2705300664202-2009-DRL226-RGC		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-2009-DRL226-RGC**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**56210-65477**= Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

**Manhole ‘Flag’ Attributes:** The following eight components (**P\_MH.3** through **P\_MH.12**) enable the data creator to ‘flag’ each Manhole with the types general features it contains. A single Manhole may be flagged with one or more of the following characteristics; it was determined that this approach enables the stormwater data creator to have maximum flexibility for categorizing and attributing the features.

#### **P\_MH.3 – Manhole Cleanout**

Database Name	<b>MH_CO</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is a cleanout		

#### **P\_MH.4 – Manhole Gate Valve**

Database Name	<b>MH_GV</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is a gate valve		

#### **P\_MH.5 – Manhole Junction Chamber**

Database Name	<b>MH_JC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is a junction chamber		

#### **P\_MH.6 – Manhole Control**

Database Name	<b>MH_CN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole contains a control device		

#### **P\_MH.7 – Manhole Trap**

Database Name	<b>MH_TR</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is a trap		



**P\_MH.8 – Manhole Split**

Database Name	<b>MH_SPLIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is a split		

**P\_MH.9 – Manhole Sump**

Database Name	<b>MH_SUMP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is a sump		

To be added:

**P\_MH.10 – Manhole Deep**

Database Name	<b>MH_DEEP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole accesses multiple outfalls		

**P\_MH.11 – Manhole Multi-Outfall**

Database Name	<b>MH_MOUT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole accesses multiple outfalls		

**P\_MH.12 – Manhole Buried**

Database Name	<b>MH_BUR</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag if manhole is buried		

**P\_MH.13 – Manhole Length**

Database Name	<b>MH_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

**P\_MH.14 – Manhole Width**

Database Name	<b>MH_WID</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

**P\_MH.15 – Manhole Height or Mean Depth**

Database Name	<b>MH_HT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		

**P\_MH.16 – Manhole Design Volume**

Database Name	<b>MH_VLD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold (if constructed) or holds naturally;		

**P\_MH.17 – Manhole Invert Elevation**

Database Name	<b>MH_IELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>bottom of the inside portion</i> of the Manhole of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

**P\_MH.18 – Manhole Rim Elevation**

Database Name	<b>MH_RELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Rim elevation (manholes); elevation of the center of the manhole lid measured from its top in feet above mean sea level		

**P\_MH.19 – Manhole Bottom Elevation**

Database Name	<b>MH_BELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of structure ( <i>differentiated from the invert elevation</i> )		

**P\_MH.20 – Manhole Inlet Rotation**

Database Name	<b>MH_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(value = angle of rotation for cartographic symbol [azimuthal; north = 0°])</i>		
Description	Recommended angle of rotation for cartographic symbol; this field is used to provide a value for the preferred rotation of the point symbol for proper mapping display; the 360° azimuthal system is used (clockwise rotation) (e.g.: north= 0°, east = 90°, south= 180°, west = 270°)		

>> (Please see rotation example in Figure 5 on Page 62)

**P\_MH.21 – Manhole Horizontal Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>MH_HPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_MH.20)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

**P\_MH.22 – Manhole Horizontal Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>MH_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Manhole Horizontal Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_MH.23 – Manhole Vertical Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>MH_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_MH.22)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

**P\_MH.24 – Manhole Vertical Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>MH_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Manhole Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

#### P\_MH.25 – Manhole Vertical Datum

Database Name	<b>MH_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_MH.26 – Manhole Horizontal Datum

Database Name	<b>MH_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_MH.27 – Manhole General Location

Database Name	<b>MH_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	2116 3 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue SE SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 44.957459, -93.277684 44' SE of intersection of 44 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Maine Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

#### P\_MH.26 – Manhole Drawing Link

Database Name	<b>MH_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		



**P\_MH.27 – Manhole Document**

Database Name	<b>MH_ABD OC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

**P\_MH.28 – Manhole Structure Status**

Database Name	<b>MH_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the structure		

**P\_MH.29 – Manhole Status Date**

Database Name	<b>MH_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the status assessment of the structure		

**P\_MH.30 – Manhole Condition**

Database Name	<b>MH_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018” “Damaged from flooding”</i>		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective written descriptions		

**P\_MH.33 – Manhole Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>MH_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the condition description in <b>P_MH.30 – Manhole Condition</b>		

**P\_MH.34 – Manhole Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>MH_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the structure		

**P\_MH.35 – Manhole Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>MH_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the structure		

**To be removed:****P\_MH.-- – Manhole Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the structure		

**To be added:****P\_MH.36 – Manhole Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the fixture		

**P\_MH.37 – Manhole Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the fixture can be maintained		

**P\_MH.38 – Manhole Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>MH_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the fixture is inspected		

**P\_MH.39– Manhole Easement**

Database Name	<b>MH_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

The following three attributes are to be removed from version 0.6

**P\_MH.-- – Manhole Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>MH_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_MH.-- – Manhole Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>MH_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_MH.-- – Manhole Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>MH_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_MH.40 – Manhole Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>MH_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the manhole/structure		

**P\_MH.41 – Manhole Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>MH_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the manhole/structure		

**P\_MH.42 – Manhole Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_MH.43 – Manhole Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Scott County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_MH.44 – Manhole Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>MH_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_MH.45 – Manhole Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>MH_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_MH.46 – Manhole Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>MH_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

**P\_MH.47– Manhole Data Source**

Database Name	<b>MH_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**P\_MH.48 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in;		

**P\_MH.49 – CTU Code**

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

**P\_MH.50 – County Code**

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

**P\_MH.51 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Douglas Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

**P\_MH.52 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_MH.53 – Manhole Comments**

Database Name	<b>MH_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>“Manhole under 6” of asphalt, excavated on June 12, 2017”</i> <i>“Manhole damaged in flooding event August 2019”</i> <i>“Data point does not show correct position of manhole compared to as-builts”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of structure;		

## Lift Station Components

### P\_LS.1 – Lift Station Unique Identifier

Database Name	LS_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	LS-516-013		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_LS.2 – Lift Station Federated Identifier

Database Name	LS_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202-LS-516-013		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-LS-516-013**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**LS-516-013** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.



### P\_LS.3 – Lift Station Type

Database Name	LS_Type		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	Default	Domain	LiftStationType
Example	Dry Submersible Simplex pump Duplex pump Triplex pump Jockey pump Turbine pump Split-case lift Wet-dry configuration Centrifugal pump Other Unknown		
Description	Total number of wells at the lift station		



Wet-Dry Lift Station



Lift Station with Duplex Pumps

### P\_LS.4 – Lift Station Number of Wells

Database Name	LS_NOW		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert number of wells</i>		
Description	Total number of wells at the lift station		

### P\_LS.5 – Lift Station Number of Pumps

Database Name	LS_NOP		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert number of pumps</i>		
Description	Total number of pumps at the lift station		

#### P\_LS.6 – Lift Station SCADA System Information

Database Name	LS_SCADA		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	100	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Description of SCADA information)</i>		
Description	Relevant descriptive information about the attendant SCADA system in use at the site		

#### P\_LS.7 – Lift Station Maximum Discharge Capacity

Database Name	LS_MXDCAP		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example			
Description	Relevant descriptive information about the attendant SCADA system in use at the site		

#### P\_LS.8 – Foundation Drain

Database Name	LS_FD		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Indicates the presence of a foundation drain		

#### P\_LS.9 – Lift Station Sump

Database Name	LS_SUMP		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Example	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Indicates the presence of a sump		

#### P\_LS.10 – Lift Station Length

Database Name	LS_LNG		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

#### P\_LS.11 – Lift Station Width

Database Name	LS_WID		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

**P\_LS.12 – Lift Station Height**

Database Name	<b>LS_HT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height of the structure		

**P\_LS.13 – Lift Station Depth**

Database Name	<b>LS_DEP</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Depth of the structure		

**P\_LS.14 – Lift Station Design Volume**

Database Name	<b>LS_VLD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold;		

**P\_LS.15 – Lift Station Invert Elevation**

Database Name	<b>LS_IELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>invert</i> of the Lift Station of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

**P\_LS.16 – Lift Station Outlet Elevation**

Database Name	<b>LS_OELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	The elevation of the <i>bottom of the inside portion</i> of the Lift Station of the structure, in units of feet above mean sea level;		

**P\_LS.17 – Lift Station Rim Elevation**

Database Name	<b>LS_RELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Rim elevation (Lift Stations); elevation of the center of the Lift Station lid measured from its top in feet above mean sea level		

**P\_LS.18 – Lift Station Bottom Elevation**

Database Name	<b>LS_BELEV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value feet above mean-sea-level)</i>		
Description	Bottom elevation of structure <i>(differentiated from the invert elevation)</i>		

**P\_LS.19 – Lift Station Inlet Rotation**

Database Name	<b>LS_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(value = angle of rotation for cartographic symbol [azimuthal; north = 0°])</i>		
Description	Recommended angle of rotation for cartographic symbol; this field is used to provide a value for the preferred rotation of the point symbol for proper mapping display; the 360° azimuthal system is used (clockwise rotation) (e.g.: north= 0°, east = 90°, south= 180°, west = 270°)		

>> (Please see rotation example in Figure 5 on Page xx)

**P\_LS.20 – Lift Station Horizontal Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>LS_HPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_LS.21)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

**P\_LS.21 – Lift Station Horizontal Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>LS_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Lift Station Horizontal Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_LS.22 – Lift Station Vertical Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>LS_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See P_LS.23)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

#### P\_LS.23 – Lift Station Vertical Position Unit

Database Name	<b>LS_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Lift Station Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

#### P\_LS.24 – Lift Station Vertical Datum

Database Name	<b>LS_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_LS.25 – Lift Station Horizontal Datum

Database Name	<b>LS_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_LS.26 – Lift Station General Location

Database Name	<b>LS_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	2116 3 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue SE SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 44.957459, -93.277684 44' SE of intersection of 44 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Maine Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

**P\_LS.27 – Lift Station Drawing Link**

Database Name	<b>LS_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

**P\_LS.28 – Lift Station Document**

Database Name	<b>LS_ABDONC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

**P\_LS.29 – Lift Station Structure Status**

Database Name	<b>LS_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the structure		

**P\_LS.30 – Lift Station Status Date**

Database Name	<b>LS_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the status assessment of the structure		

**P\_LS.31 – Lift Station Condition**

Database Name	<b>LS_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018” “Damaged from flooding”</i>		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective written descriptions		

**P\_LS.32 – Lift Station Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>LS_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the condition description in <b>P_LS.31 – Lift Station Condition</b>		

**P\_LS.33 – Lift Station Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>LS_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the structure		

**P\_LS.34 – Lift Station Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>LS_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the structure		

**To be removed:****P\_LS.-- – Lift Station Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>LS_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the structure		

**To be added:****[NEW] P\_LS.35 – Manhole Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the lift station		

**[NEW] P\_LS.36 – Manhole Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>MH_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the life station		

**[NEW] P\_LS.37 – Manhole Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>MH_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	“Inspected each spring” “Every April” “Every other year”		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the lift station is inspected		

**P\_LS.38 – Lift Station Easement**

Database Name	<b>LS_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

**To be removed from LIFT STATION:**

**P\_LS.-- – Lift Station Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>LS_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_LS.-- – Lift Station Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>LS_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		



**P\_LS.-- – Lift Station Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>LS_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_LS.39 – Lift Station Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>LS_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the lift station/structure		

**P\_LS.40 – Lift Station Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>LS_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the lift station/structure		

**P\_LS.41 – Lift Station Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>LS_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_LS.42 – Lift Station Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>LS_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Scott County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_LS.43 – Lift Station Holds Water**

Database Name	<b>LS_HOLDS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag indicating if the structure holds water or not		

**P\_LS.44 – Lift Station Contributing Drainage Area**

Database Name	<b>LS_CDA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface area that discharges to the structure, measured in acres;		

**P\_LS.45 – Lift Station Storage Volume**

Database Name	<b>LS_STVL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in cubic feet)</i>		
Description	Storage volume of the lift station/structure, in cubic feet		

**P\_LS.46 – Lift Station Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>LS_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_LS.47 – Lift Station Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>LS_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_LS.48 – Lift Station Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>LS_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

**P\_LS.49– Lift Station Data Source**

Database Name	<b>LS_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

**P\_LS.50 – CTU Name**

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in;		

#### P\_LS.51 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

#### P\_LS.52 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

#### P\_LS.53 – County Name

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

#### P\_LS.54 – State Code

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_LS.55 – Lift Station Comments**

Database Name	<b>LS_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	<i>“Lift Station damaged in flooding event of August 2019”</i> <i>“Data point does not show correct position of Lift Station compared to as-built drawings on file”</i> <i>“Lift station was built on the property line”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of structure;		

## Best Management Practices (BMP) Components

### P\_BMP.1 – BMP Unique Identifier

Database Name	<b>BMP_ORID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	09021970-616		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_BMP.2 – BMP Federated Identifier

Database Name	<b>BMP_FID</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2705300664202-09021970-616		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-09021970-616**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**LS-516-013** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

### P\_BMP.3 – BMP Type

Database Name	<b>BMP_Type</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	45	Domain	<b>BMPTYPE</b>
Examples	Amended-composted soils, bioretention-rain garden, ditch block, dry pond, filtration basin (no underdrain), filtration basin (with underdrain), filtration bench/shelf (no underdrain), filtration bench/shelf (with underdrain), filtration swale (no underdrain), filtration swale/shelf (with underdrain), green roof, iron enhanced filter, infiltration trench, infiltration basin, sand filter, stormwater pond/wet pond, tree box, offline-basin, permeable pavement, planter, porous pavers, porous concrete, etc. <i>(for complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		
Description	Indication of the BMP type		



**Note:** One of the challenges of developing a multi-purpose stormwater geodata standard is how to best capture complex fixtures within the context of points, lines and polygons. The current version of the standard represents BMP fixtures as points, however, there may be some features which are better suited for representation as linear features. We encourage on-going stakeholder and data user input, suggestions and comments on how to best advance this discussion toward a solution.

### Examples of stormwater BMPs



*Infiltration basin*



*Infiltration trench (with mulch)*



*Filtration with underdrain  
(with vegetation-high maintenance)*



*Filtration pond with iron-enhanced sand*





*Filtration with underdrain  
(with vegetation-high maintenance)*



*Ditch blocks in channel  
(w/ vegetation-low maintenance)*

#### **P\_BMP.4 – BMP Length**

Database Name	<b>BMP_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the structure		

#### **P\_BMP.5 – BMP Width**

Database Name	<b>BMP_WID</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the structure		

#### **P\_BMP.6 – BMP Height or Mean Depth**

Database Name	<b>BMP_HT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		

#### **P\_BMP.7 – BMP Elevation**

Database Name	<b>BMP_ELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean sea level)</i>		
Description	Elevation of structure in mean feet above sea level		



#### P\_BMP.8 – BMP Surface Area

Database Name	<b>BMP_SAREA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in square feet)</i>		
Description	Surface area of the structure, fixture or features in square feet		

#### P\_BMP.9 – BMP Rotation

Database Name	<b>BMP_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Value for preferred rotation angle for display of cartographic feature)</i>		
Description	Recommended angle of rotation for cartographic symbol; this field is used to provide a value for the preferred rotation of the point symbol for proper mapping display; the 360° azimuthal system is used (clockwise rotation) (e.g.: north= 0°, east = 90°, south= 180°, west = 270°)		

>> (Please see rotation example in Figure 5 on Page xx)

#### P\_BMP.10 – BMP Design Volume

Database Name	<b>BMP_VLD</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in cubic-feet)</i>		
Description	Volume of water in cubic feet the structure was designed to hold;		



The current version of the MSWGP v. 0.6 draft standard does not presently include the following listed attributes for BMPs, however, these can be included in the next version if they are deemed valuable and needed by the stakeholder community after their review and comment period:

- Invert Elevation
- Outlet Elevation
- Rim Elevation
- Bottom Elevation

**The MSWGP Steering Team encourages and welcomes stakeholder feedback, ideas, suggestions and input on how to best represent the wide range of BMP features consistently and effectively in GIS.**

**P\_BMP.11 – BMP Horizontal Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>BMP_HPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See <b>P_BMP.12</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

**P\_BMP.12 – BMP Horizontal Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>BMP_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>BMP Horizontal Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_BMP.13 – BMP Vertical Position Accuracy Value**

Database Name	<b>BMP_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See <b>P_BMP.14</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

**P\_BMP.14 – BMP Vertical Position Unit**

Database Name	<b>BMP_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>BMP Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

**P\_BMP.15 – BMP Vertical Datum**

Database Name	<b>BMP_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

#### P\_BMP.16 – BMP Horizontal Datum

Database Name	<b>BMP_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

#### P\_BMP.17 – BMP General Location

Database Name	<b>BMP_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2116 3 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue SE SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of the NE ¼ of T29N R24E S12 44.957459, -93.277684 32' SE of intersection of 34 <sup>th</sup> Street SW and Maine Avenue		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

#### P\_BMP.18 – BMP Filter Material

Database Name	<b>BMP_FM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	30	Domain	<b>FilterMaterial</b>
Examples	Gravel, Biochar, Amended Soil, Rock, Sand-Compost Mix, Sand Filter, Iron-Enhanced Filter, Soil, Spent Lime, Other, Unknown		
Description	Filter material type		

**P\_BMP.19 – BMP Ground Cover**

Database Name	<b>BMP_GC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	30	Domain	<b>GroundCover</b>
Examples	Asphalt, Brick, Concrete, Gravel, Mulch, Bare Soil, Vegetation-high maintenance, Vegetation-low maintenance, Vegetation-native, Other, Unknown		
Description	Ground cover type		

**P\_BMP.20 – BMP Drawing Link**

Database Name	<b>BMP_ABLINK</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert link/URL accessing as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	URL/weblink to the as-built drawing containing the structure		

**P\_BMP.21 – BMP Document**

Database Name	<b>BMP_ABD OC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	150	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert document number, ID number, reference number of as-built drawing)</i>		
Description	Document number, ID number, or reference number of the original as-built drawing of the structure		

**P\_BMP.22 – BMP Structure Status**

Database Name	<b>BMP_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	20	Domain	<b>Status</b>
Examples	Active, Inactive, Failed, Removed, Proposed, Abandoned, Under Construction, Other, Unknown		
Description	Status indicator of the structure		

**P\_BMP.23 – BMP Status Date**

Database Name	<b>BMP_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the status assessment of the structure		

**P\_BMP.24 – BMP Condition**

Database Name	<b>BMP_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>“Appeared in good condition when inspected in spring 2018”</i> <i>“Damaged from flooding”</i>		
Description	A 150-character field for subjective written descriptions		

**P\_BMP.25 – BMP Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>BMP_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the condition description in <b>P_BMP.24 – BMP Condition</b>		

**P\_BMP.26 – BMP Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>BMP_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the structure		

**P\_BMP.27 – BMP Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>BMP_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of the last modification of the structure		

**P\_BMP.-- – BMP Maintenance Agreement Number**

Database Name	<b>BMP_MAGRN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	Document ID of agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the structure		

To be added:

**[NEW] P\_BMP.28 – BMP Maintenance Agreement Flag**

Database Name	<b>BMP_MAGRF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is a maintenance agreement on the BMP		

**[NEW] P\_BMP.29 – BMP Maintenance Agreement Information**

Database Name	<b>BMP_MAGRI</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>(insert example of Maintenance Agreement Number/ID)</i>		
Description	This field is provided so information such as agency name or specific Document ID of the agreement between agencies for the maintenance of the BMP can be maintained		

**[NEW] P\_BMP.30 – BMP Frequency of Inspection**

Database Name	<b>BMP_FQINSP</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	<i>“Inspected each spring”</i> <i>“Every April”</i> <i>“Every other year”</i>		
Description	The field contains a short description note of how often the BMP is inspected		

**P\_BMP.31 – BMP Easement**

Database Name	<b>BMP_EASM</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	7	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes = an easement is present No = no easement is present Unknown = it is unknown if there is an easement present		
Description	Flag to indicate if there is an easement present		

**To be removed:**

**P\_BMP.-- – BMP Consequence of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>BMP_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_BMP.-- – BMP Probability of Failure Rating**

Database Name	<b>BMP_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_BMP.-- – BMP Criticality to System**

Database Name	<b>BMP_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of criticality of the asset (1 = low, 5=high) 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

**P\_BMP.32 – BMP Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>BMP_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the structure		

**P\_BMP.33 – BMP Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>BMP_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the structure		

**P\_BMP.34 – BMP Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>BMP_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_BMP.35 – BMP Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>BMP_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Scott County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the structure		

**P\_BMP.36 – BMP Holds Water**

Database Name	<b>BMP_HOLDS</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	10	Domain	<b>YesNoUnknown</b>
Examples	Yes, No, Unknown		
Description	Flag indicating if the structure holds water		

**P\_BMP.37 – BMP Infiltration Rate**

Database Name	<b>BMP_INF</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in inches per hour)</i>		
Description	Numerical indicator of infiltration through the bottom of the BMP;		

**P\_BMP.38 – BMP Designed Treatment Volume**

Database Name	<b>BMP_DTV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in cubic-feet per hour)</i>		
Description	Volume of water the BMP is designed to treat in cubic feet per hour		



**P\_BMP.39 – BMP Storage Volume**

Database Name	<b>BMP_STVL</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in cubic feet)</i>		
Description	Storage volume of the structure, in cubic feet		

**P\_BMP.40 – Lift Station Contributing Drainage Area**

Database Name	<b>BMP_CDA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Surface area that discharges to the structure, measured in acres		

**P\_BMP.41 – BMP Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>BMP_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_BMP.42 – BMP Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>BMP_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_BMP.43 – BMP Date Data Modified**

Database Name	<b>BMP_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the structure		

#### P\_BMP.44 – BMP Data Source

Database Name	<b>BMP_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

#### P\_BMP.45 – CTU Name

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory where the structure is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in		

#### P\_BMP.46 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

#### P\_BMP.47 – County Code

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the structure is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information</i>		

**P\_BMP.48 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the physical structure is located		

**P\_BMP.49 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_BMP.50 – BMP Comments**

Database Name	<b>BMP_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>“BMP damaged in flooding event August 2019”</i> <i>“Data point does not show correct position of BMP compared to as-built drawings on file”</i> <i>“BMP was built on the property line”</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of structure		

## Monitoring Components

### P\_MON.1 – Monitor Unique Identifier

Database Name	MON_ORID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Example	MON501-055		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider; Primary key for the asset as used by the asset owner; Locally-designated ID, containing any combination of letter, hyphens or numbers as needed by the data producer;		

### P\_MON.2 – Monitor Federated Identifier

Database Name	MON_FID		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	90	Domain	(no domain)
Example	2705300664202- MON501-055		
Description	Original unique identifier provided by the original source or data provider with prefix appended to it indicating state, county and municipal code;		

The purpose of the ‘federated ID’ is to enable the creation of a unique ID which concatenates the original local ID to a set of codes which indicate the jurisdiction in which the pipe is found.

In the example above we have a federated ID of:

**2705300664202-MON501-055**

Where:

**27** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota

**053** = FIPS/ANSI Code for Hennepin County

**00664202** = CTU Code for Fort Snelling Unorganized Territory

**LS-516-013** = Example of the locally-designated unique ID for the structure

The FIPS and CTU codes are maintained in the **General Elements** of the feature.

**Please note:** These number codes are already used extensively in other standards already adopted by the Minnesota Geospatial Advisory Council.

### P\_MON.3 – Monitor Category

Database Name	<b>MON_CAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	45	Domain	<b>MonitorCategory</b>
Examples	Sensor Monitoring Well Sampler Gauge Other Unknown		
Description	Category of monitoring device placed, used or installed		

### P\_MON.4 – Monitor Type

Database Name	<b>MON_TYPE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	45	Domain	<b>MonitorType</b>
Examples	Frost sensor Pressure transducer Water level sensor Temperature sensor Conductivity sensor Sonic distance sensor Laser velocity sensor Automated sampler Staff gauge Rain gauge Bubbler for water depth Turbidity sensor pH sensor Dissolved oxygen sensor Algae sensor Chlorophyll sensor Soil moisture gauge Monitoring well, water level only Monitoring well, temporary dewatering, construction Monitoring well, remedial site investigation, water quality Monitoring well, geological, exploratory Monitoring well, general water quality Multi-parameter sensor Frost sensor Other Unknown		
Description	Indication of the specific monitor type		

**P\_MON.5 – Monitor Length**

Database Name	<b>MON_LNG</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Length in feet of the monitoring component		

**P\_MON.6 – Monitor Width**

Database Name	<b>MON_WID</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in inches)</i>		
Description	Width in inches of the monitoring component		

**P\_MON.7 – Monitor Height or Mean Depth**

Database Name	<b>MON_HT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet)</i>		
Description	Height or mean depth of the structure		

**P\_MON.8 – Monitor Elevation**

Database Name	<b>MON_ELV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Insert value in feet above mean sea level)</i>		
Description	Elevation of monitoring component in mean feet above sea level		

**P\_MON.9 – Monitor Rotation**

Database Name	<b>MON_ROTAT</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>(Value for preferred rotation angle for display of cartographic feature)</i>		
Description	Recommended angle of rotation for cartographic symbol; this field is used to provide a value for the preferred rotation of the point symbol for proper mapping display; the 360° azimuthal system is used (clockwise rotation) (e.g.: north= 0°, east = 90°, south= 180°, west = 270°)		

>> (Please see rotation example in Figure 5 on Page 59)

#### P\_MON.10 – Monitor Horizontal Position Accuracy Value

Database Name	<b>MON_HPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See <b>P_MON.11</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of <b>x and y value</b> of the structure		

#### P\_MON.11 – Monitor Horizontal Position Unit

Database Name	<b>MON_HPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>Monitor Horizontal Position Accuracy Value</b>		

#### P\_MON.12 – Monitor Vertical Position Accuracy Value

Database Name	<b>MON_VPAV</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(none)
Example	<i>Insert numerical value of the positional accuracy (See <b>P_MON.13</b>)</i>		
Description	Indicator of the accuracy of the <b>z value</b> of the structure		

#### P\_MON.13 – Monitor Vertical Position Unit

Database Name	<b>MON_VPU</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	8	Domain	<b>AccuracyMeasure</b>
Examples	Feet Meters		
Description	Indicates unit of measurement (in either feet or meters) for the <b>MON Vertical Position Accuracy Value</b>		

#### P\_MON.14 – Monitor Vertical Datum

Database Name	<b>MON_VDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>VDatum</b>
Examples	Ellipsoidal, NAD83 (HARN) Orthometric, NAVD88 From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the vertical datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings ( <i>For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a></i> )		

**P\_MON.15 – Monitor Horizontal Datum**

Database Name	<b>MON_HDAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	50	Domain	<b>HDatum</b>
Examples	RTCM_23_NAD83(2011) CMRx_NAD83(1996) From as-built drawing Unknown datum		
Description	Name of the horizontal datum in use by the data producer in creating their data or taken from as-built drawings <i>(For complete list of draft domain values, please see the file <a href="#">SGTS_V_0_6_Domains.xlsx</a>)</i>		

**P\_MON.16 – Monitor General Location**

Database Name	<b>MON_LOC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	100	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	South end of Bear Lake Appx. 15' downstream from Xcel Energy outfall on Black Dog Lake 46.546947, -94.281779 Narrow channel between Lower Cullen Lake and Middle Cullen Lake		
Description	Data creator can provide general location information in the form of PLSS description, latitude/longitude coordinates, address, intersection or other descriptive location		

**P\_MON.17 – Monitor Brand**

Database Name	<b>MON_BRAND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	50	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(Insert brand name of monitoring device)</i>		
Description	Brand of monitoring device		

**P\_MON.18 – Monitor Device Maintenance**

Database Name	<b>MON_DMAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(Insert numerical value and unit type? Example: 3 months?)</i>		
Description	Period of time between recommended maintenance activities		

**P\_MON.19 – Monitor Device Maintenance**

Database Name	<b>MON_MNTYPE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	120	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(Insert maintenance type of monitoring device)</i>		
Description	Type of maintenance to be performed		



**P\_MON.20 – Monitor Manufacturer Date**

Database Name	<b>MON_MFDT</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of manufacture of the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.21 – Monitor Status**

Database Name	<b>MON_STAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	18	Domain	<b>MonitorStatus</b>
Examples	Installed, Active-temporary, Active-continuous, Inactive-monitor in place Other, Unknown		
Description	Status of monitoring device		

**P\_MON.22 – Monitor Status Date**

Database Name	<b>MON_SDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last condition assessment of the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.23 – Monitor Installation Date**

Database Name	<b>MON_IDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of installation of the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.24 – Monitor Modification Date**

Database Name	<b>MON_MDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of most recent modification of the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.25 – Monitor Expiration Date**

Database Name	<b>MON_XDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of expiration of the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.26 – Monitor Condition**

Database Name	<b>MON_COND</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Optional
Width	150	Domain	(no domain)
Example	<i>“As of July 2019, monitor is in place and functioning well”</i>		
Description	A150-character field for subjective written descriptions about the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.27 – Monitor Condition Date**

Database Name	<b>MON_CDATE</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Example	7/31/2020		
Description	Date of the condition description in <b>P_MON.26 – MON Condition</b>		

**P\_MON.28 – Monitor Ownership Type**

Database Name	<b>MON_OWNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which owns the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.29 – Monitor Ownership Name**

Database Name	<b>MON_OWNN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Ramsey County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which owns the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.30 – Monitor Maintenance Authority Type**

Database Name	<b>MON_MAINT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which maintains the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.31 – Monitor Maintenance Authority Name**

Database Name	<b>MON_MAINN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Scott County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of the entity or agency which maintains the monitoring device		

**P\_MON.32 – Monitor Contributing Drainage Area**

Database Name	<b>MON_CDA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	<i>(insert value in acres)</i>		
Description	Size of drainage area that discharges to the monitor, measured in acres;		

**P\_MON.33 – Monitor Data Producer/Source Type**

Database Name	<b>MON_DATAT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>ManagementType</b>
Examples	Township, City, County, Judicial, State, Regional Agency, State, Federal, Watershed Management Unit, Educational Entity, Private, Other, Unknown		
Description	<b>Type</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

**P\_MON.34 – Monitor Data Producer/Source Name**

Database Name	<b>MON_DATAN</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Conditional
Width	75	Domain	<b>AgencyOwnMaintain</b>
Examples	Buffalo-Red River Watershed District City of Eagan City of Bloomington Metropolitan Council Hennepin County State of Minnesota		
Description	<b>Name</b> of entity or agency which produces or is the source <i>of the data</i>		

#### P\_MON.35 – Monitor Date Data Modified

Database Name	<b>MON_DAMOD</b>		
Data Type	Date	Inclusion	If Available
Width	Default	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	2/14/2020		
Description	Date of last modification to the <i>digital feature</i> representing the monitor		

#### P\_MON.36 – Monitor Data Source

Database Name	<b>MON_DASRC</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	(no domain)
Examples	A. Blenkush, Hennepin County GIS Staff C. Magnuson, RWMWD Ramsey County GIS Department Anoka County Public Works		
Description	Name of source, providing agency, interest or company of the digital data representing the structure ( <i>Note: provider of the digital data may differ from owner and/or the maintainer of the physical asset</i> ); This can be an individual, department, agency, etc.		

#### P\_MON.37 – CTU Name

Database Name	<b>CTU_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	75	Domain	<b>CTU_Name</b>
Examples	Eagan Bloomington		
Description	Name of the city, township or unorganized territory where the monitor is physically is located; if a structure centroid point is directly on a boundary between two cities/counties, the data creator may use their discretion as to which municipality or county they place the structure in;		

#### P\_MON.38 – CTU Code

Database Name	<b>CTU_ID_TXT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	8	Domain	<b>CTUIDText</b>
Examples	02394586 = City of Eagan 02394198 = City of Bloomington		
Description	Eight-digit CTU code representing the municipal unit (city, township, unorganized territory) where the asset is located; as the leadings zeros are needed and this is not to be used for any mathematical uses, this ID field is a text field (TXT), <i>please see the links on page 25 of this document for additional context</i>		

**P\_MON.39 – County Code**

Database Name	<b>CO_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	3	Domain	<b>CountyCode</b>
Examples	037 = Dakota County 053 = Hennepin County		
Description	Three-digit (FIPS/ANSI) code representing the county where the monitor is located, <i>please see links on page 25 for additional information;</i>		

**P\_MON.40 – County Name**

Database Name	<b>CO_NAME</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	40	Domain	<b>CountyName</b>
Examples	Dakota Hennepin		
Description	Name of the county where the monitor is located		

**P\_MON.41 – State Code**

Database Name	<b>STATE_CODE</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	2	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Example	27		
Description	There is only one value for Minnesota 27 = FIPS/ANSI Code for Minnesota		

**P\_MON.42 – Monitor Comments**

Database Name	<b>MON_CMNT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	254	Domain	<i>(no domain)</i>
Examples	<i>(insert comment text)</i>		
Description	General field for text comments related to either the physical or digital aspects of monitor;		

## Basins (As Polygon Features)

### P\_POLY.1 – (Basin) Polygon Method

Database Name	<b>POLY_METH</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	24	Domain	<b>PolyMethod</b>
Example	Digitized GPS point collection LIDAR extract Imagery extract Import from CAD External GIS source Other Unknown		
Description	Method for the creation of the polygon representing the basin feature		

### P\_POLY.2 – (Basin) Polygon Perimeter

Database Name	<b>POLY_PERI</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	(insert value in feet of perimeter of the polygon)		
Description	Value in feet of the perimeter of the polygon representing the basin; Can be calculated within GIS;		

### P\_POLY.3 – (Basin) Polygon Surface Area

Database Name	<b>POLY_SAREA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	(insert value in feet of perimeter of the polygon)		
Description	Area value (in acres) of the polygon representing the basin; Can be calculated within GIS;		

## Best Management Practices - BMPs (As Polygon Features)

### P\_POLY.1 – (BMP) Polygon Method

Database Name	<b>POLY_METH</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	24	Domain	<b>PolyMethod</b>
Example	Digitized GPS point collection LIDAR extract Imagery extract Import from CAD External GIS source Other Unknown		
Description	Method for the creation of the polygon representing the BMP;		

### P\_POLY.2 – (BMP) Polygon Perimeter

Database Name	<b>POLY_PERI</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	(insert value in feet of perimeter of the polygon)		
Description	Value in feet of the perimeter of the polygon representing the BMP; Can be calculated within GIS;		

### P\_POLY.3 – (BMP) Polygon Surface Area

Database Name	<b>POLY_SAREA</b>		
Data Type	Double	Inclusion	Mandatory
Width	Default	Domain	(not applicable)
Example	(insert value in feet of perimeter of the polygon)		
Description	Area value (in acres) of the polygon representing the BMP; Can be calculated within GIS;		

## Treatment of Polygons in the Draft Standard

As is evident throughout this document, preference is given to **point geometry** as the means to represent non-linear stormwater features. While polygons are important for mapping and visualization, points are to be retained as the main geometry feature for the following reasons:

- The ***ever-changing shape of shorelines*** due to seasonal fluctuations, rainfall events, etc.;
- Point features (linked by lines) are better able to ***preserve the network connectivity*** of features;
- Points provide a single, continuous place to maintain the associated attribute data;

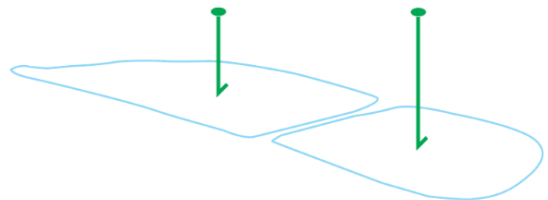
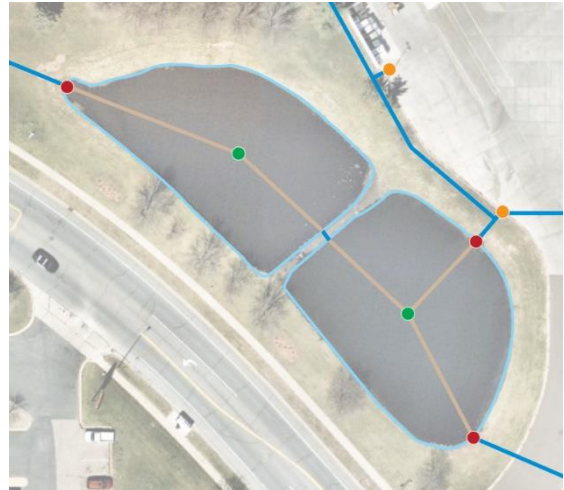
While the **point** version of **Basins** and **BMPs** are the primary means of representing these features, the point data can easily be spatially joined in GIS software to the polygon features as they are created and needed.

In the example at right, the two constructed basins would primarily be represented in this draft standard as the **green points** (Basin points at their center). These points would have all the attributes of Basins (from pp. 43-55 of this document) associated with them. The points facilitate connections to the incoming pipes, inlets, outlets via artificial paths.

The polygons (shown in light blue) outlining these basin features would have only the three unique attributes associated with them (as listed on page 159 if a **Basin**, or page 160 if a **BMP**) which indicate the method of creation for the polygon, its calculated perimeter and its calculated surface area.

In the lower illustration, the oblique view simply shows that all the data embedded in the point can be quickly spatially joined to the polygon features as needed. Only the data in the point would need to be maintained and updated. A

As new polygons are created being digitized aerial images, extracted from LIDAR, imported from CAD drawing as-builts, etc. a new spatial join can be performed to update the polygon features attributes.





## Appendix of Related Features

The fields **Consequence of Failure [Rating]**, **Probability of Failure [Rating]** and **Critically to System [Rating]** are recommended for removal from the Version 0.6 from all features in the standard.

While originally included to help accommodate integration with asset management activity, these were discussed at length and determined to be 'out of scope' for the stormwater geodata transfer standard.

With a unique features ID attached to each piece of geospatial data (e.g. ID for each polygon, line or point), linkages can be made between the geospatial data and the asset management rating data within a given jurisdictions activity or database system.

### X\_x – x Consequence of Failure Rating

Database Name	<b>x_COF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of consequence of failure of x asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

### X\_x–Probability of Failure Rating

Database Name	<b>PIPE_POF</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of x asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		

### X\_x – Pipe Criticality to System

Database Name	<b>PIPE_CRIT</b>		
Data Type	Text	Inclusion	If Available
Width	1	Domain	<b>CriticalRating</b>
Examples	<i>(see values in Description below)</i>		
Description	Rating: 1-5 of severity of probability of failure of x asset 1 = Low 2 = Medium Low 3 = Medium 4 = Medium High 5 = High		